PROPOSED

BUDGET DOCUMENT FISCAL YEAR 2018-2019



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Cover Photo credit: Derek Vincent; IVI Photography. Derek is a 2015 Lane Energy Management Program graduate.

A very special thanks to Neil Isaacson; Graphic Artist, Lane Community College Printing & Graphics department, for the design and layout of our "Vision, Mission & Core Themes", "Values" and "Strategic Directions" sections of this document. Neil is also responsible for designing our document covers each year.

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INTRODUCTION

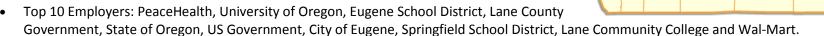
Local and Regional Information Lane County, Oregon

Lane County was established in 1851. Covering 4,722 square miles from the Pacific Ocean to the Cascade Mountains, the county has three unique climate zones: the Willamette Valley, the Coast, and the Cascade Mountains. Although 90 percent of Lane County is forest land, Eugene and Springfield comprise the second largest urban area in the state (second to Portland). Lane County is renowned for its beautiful topography and climate and outdoor recreational

Lane County Fast Facts:

opportunities.

- County Seat: Eugene, Oregon
- Average Temperatures: January: 48°, July: 82°
- Annual Precipitation: 46"
- Population: 362,895
- Median Age: 39 years
- Assessed Value: \$32,779,499,595
- Real Market Value: \$57,596,516,138
- Principle Industries: Lumber & wood manufacturing, healthcare, government, agriculture, tourism, retail trade and education



• Top 10 Taxpayers: IP Eat Three, Comcast, Valley River Center, Shepard Investment Group, Verizon, Century Link, NW Natural, Peacehealth, Weyerhaeuser Company, Gateway Mall Partners

Economic Indicators:

Indicator	Lane County	Oregon		
Labor Force	162,500	1,904,000		
Median Home Value	\$235,800	\$264,100		
Median Household Income	\$47,318	\$54,148		
Per Capita Personal Income	\$39,871	\$43,783		
Population	362,895	4,093,465		
Unemployment Rate	4.3%	4.1%		

Sources: www.quickfacts.census.gov www.qualityinfo.org www.lanecounty.org www.city-data.com www.usclimatedata.com www.datausa.io www.oregon.govwww.bls.gov



2018-2019 Proposed Budget

About Lane Community College

Lane Community College, founded in 1964, is a comprehensive community college dedicated to transforming lives through learning. The college fulfills its promise to the community by providing access to higher education, supporting student success, and ensuring its mission, core values, and core themes reflect community values and needs.

Lane's service district represents approximately 360,000 residents, slightly less than 10 percent of Oregon's population. The district encompasses 5,000 square miles, which includes most of Lane County from the Pacific Ocean to the Cascade Mountains, as well as individual school districts in Benton, Linn, and Douglas Counties. Lane's 314-acre campus is located in southeast Eugene and the college offers classes and services at a number of other locations including the Spilde Center in Eugene, centers in Cottage Grove, Florence, the Eugene Airport and outreach sites in the community. Lane employs more than 1,000 employees who serve more than 30,000 students annually. The college had a total of 8,719 full-time-equivalent (FTE) students in the 2016-2017 academic year. Approximately 86% of students are enrolled in credit courses with 60% of credit students enrolled part-time.

All students who come to Lane, whether their goal be transfer, career technical education, foundational skills development, or life-long learning, have a broad range of options for their education and support, as the college provides comprehensive programming to meet both the community's and students' needs.

Transfer. Students who come to Lane with the goal of transfer in the arts and sciences are guided by a growing number of Transfer Guides. These guides help students in their pursuit of a transfer degree through Lane's School of Arts and Sciences. Lane has a strong association with its neighbor, the University of Oregon, as well as with Oregon State University and the Oregon Health Sciences University. Every year students are either dually enrolled or transfer to a four-year institution. Transfer is not only for students in the arts and sciences. Lane students pursuing a career technical degree through the college's School of Professional and Technical Careers also have increasing opportunities to extend their associate degree by continuing to a four-year college or university to earn a bachelor's degree.

Career and Technical Education. Lane has continued the tradition of career and technical education begun in 1938 by its precursor, the Eugene Vocational School. Since that time, the college has greatly expanded services and programs to meet the community's changing needs. Today, Lane offers applied degrees and certificates in a wide range of technical program areas, from health professions to culinary arts to advanced technology/trades.

Foundational Skills. Lane students access many developmental courses to improve their foundational skills in reading, writing, and math in preparation for pursuing a college-level educational goal. Lane's offerings include Academic Learning Skills, Adult Basic and Secondary Education, and English as a Second Language.

Extended Learning. The college offers a wide array of courses through its Continuing Education, Customized Training and Small Business Development Programs. Classes are designed to support lifelong learning in areas such as creative arts, health and wellness, small business development, and training for the incumbent and emerging workforce.

Accreditation. Lane is accredited by the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities. The Commission is an institutional accrediting body recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation and/or the U.S. Department of Education. Related regional accreditation documents are on reserve in the college library. Individual Lane programs are evaluated for quality by numerous vocational and professional accrediting associations.

During the 2013-2014 academic year, the college completed a comprehensive accreditation self-study and hosted an accreditation visit from representatives of the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities. The college's accreditation was reaffirmed, with the commission commending the college for its emphasis on student success; student support services; strong policy leadership by the board; transparency and integrity; innovative work attracting national distinction in areas such as student success, sustainability, and college leadership; a comprehensive library; and diligence in addressing student loan default rates. The college was advised to continue its work in integrating planning and institutional effectiveness efforts, enhancing the governance system, assessing student learning outcomes, scaling up its pilot program review process, implementing its cultural competency policy, and expanding communications related to student complaint procedures.

Finances. By most measures, state financial support for higher education is substandard in Oregon. The State Higher Education Executive Officers (SHEEO) Association reported for fiscal year 2017 that Oregon ranks 39th in educational funding per FTE. Oregon community colleges receive funding through three primary sources: state allocation of funds through a biennial state budget; student tuition and fees; and a county-based property tax. During the recent economic recession, the state significantly reduced funding for community colleges. To compensate for the loss in revenue, tuition and fees were increased and now comprise more than 36% of Lane's general fund revenues. As a result, the college budget is much more sensitive to enrollment increases and declines. As the economy has improved, the college has experienced substantial declines in enrollment which then affects revenue.

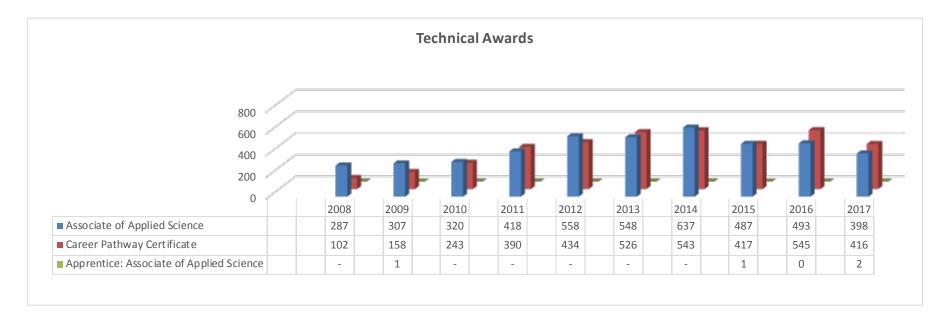
The college provides benefits to the community, both in terms of economic growth and investment. For example, the accumulated credits achieved by former Lane students over the past 30 years translate to \$328.5 million in added regional income each year due to the higher earnings of students and increased output of businesses (Economic Impact Study 2012). Furthermore, the college's relationship with the community helps Lane provide the right program and services to students to support their journey as they develop, progress toward, and achieve their goals. Lane's work reflects the identity of the college forged over the past half-century.

We are the community's college...Transforming lives through learning

Enrollment & Degree Statistics

Enrollment Statistics Unduplicated Headcount Full-time Equivalent Student	<u>2008</u> 34,508 11,065	<u>2009</u> 36,899 12,823	<u>2010</u> 37,783 14,958	<u>2011</u> 37,561 15,417	<u>2012</u> 38,671 15,375	<u>2013</u> 37,254 14,015	<u>2014</u> 33,695 12,312	<u>2015</u> 30,449 10,464	<u>2016</u> 28,219 9,250	<u>2017</u> 26,176 8,716
Lower Division Transfer Awards										
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
AAOT/ASOT	291	319	407	418	474	573	454	451	453	559
Associate of General Studies	40	42	42	86	97	150	158	136	158	539
Associate of Science	18	38	47	54	90	61	87	96	87	0
Oregon Transfer Module	-	-	-	-	-	-	376	422	376	412
Total Transfer Awards	349	399	496	558	661	784	1,075	1,105	1074	1510
Technical Awards										
	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Associate of Applied Science	287	307	320	418	558	548	637	487	493	398
Career Pathway Certificate	102	158	243	390	434	526	543	417	545	416
Apprentice: Associate of Applied Science	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	0	2
Total Technical Awards	389	466	563	808	992	1,074	1,180	905	1038	816
Total Awards	738	865	1,059	1,366	1,653	1,858	2,255	2,010	2,112	2,326





Board of Education

Seven elected unpaid Board members have primary authority to establish policies governing the operation of the college and to adopt its budget. Their charge is to encourage the development of programs and services that will best serve the needs of College District constituents.

Melanie Muenzer, Associate Vice President, Eugene Appointed April 2017, term expires June 30, 2019 Zone 1-Western

Susie Johnston, Retired, Eugene Elected May 2007, term expires June 30, 2019 Zone 2-Northern

Mike Eyster, Retired, Springfield Elected July 1, 2017, term expires June 30, 2021 Zone 3-Marcola and Springfield

Matt Keating, Political Consultant, Eugene Elected July 1, 2017, term expires June 30, 2021 Zone 4-Eastern

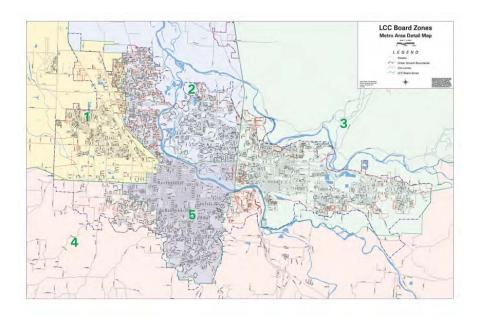
Philip Carrasco, Community Organizer, Eugene Elected July 2015, term expires June 30, 2019 Zone 5-Central Eugene

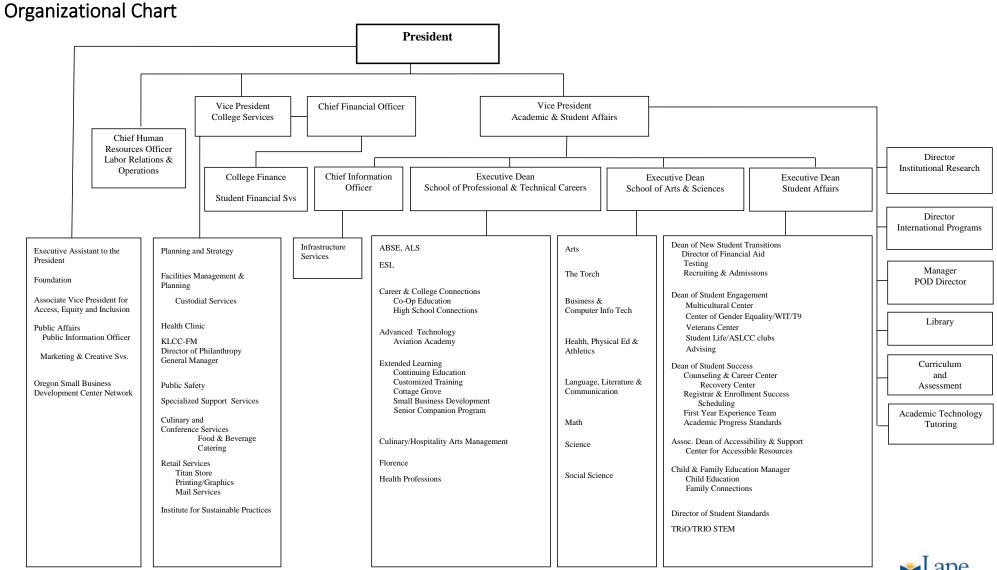
Rosie Pryor, Retired, Eugene Elected July 2011, term expires June 30, 2019 At-Large, Position 6

Tony McCown, Education Consultant, Springfield Elected May 2007, term expires June 30, 2019 At-Large, Position 7



LCC Board of Directors & College President Margaret Hamilton





Community College



Vision

Transforming lives through learning

Mission

Lane is the community's college: We provide comprehensive, accessible, quality, learning-centered educational opportunities that promote student success.

Core Themes

Responsive Community Engagement Accessible and Equitable Learning Opportunities Quality Educational Environment Individual Student Achievement

Values

Learning

Working together to create a learning-centered environment

Recognizing and respecting the unique needs and potential of each learner

Fostering a culture of achievement in a caring community

Diversity

Welcoming, valuing, and promoting diversity among staff, students, and our community

Cultivating a respectful, inclusive, and accessible working and learning environment

Working effectively in different cultural contexts to serve the educational and linguistic needs of a diverse community

Developing capacity to understand issues of difference, power, and privilege

Innovation

Supporting creativity, experimentation, and institutional transformation

Responding to environmental, technological, and demographic changes

Anticipating and responding to internal and external challenges in a timely manner Acting courageously, deliberately, and systematically in relation to change

Collaboration and Partnership

Promoting meaningful participation in governance

Encouraging and expanding partnerships with organizations and groups in our community

Integrity

Fostering an environment of respect, fairness, honesty, and openness

Promoting responsible stewardship of resources and public trust

Accessibility

Strategically growing learning opportunities Minimizing financial, geographical, environmental, social, linguistic, and cultural barriers to learning

Sustainability

Integrating practices that support and improve the health of systems that sustain life Providing an interdisciplinary learning environment that builds understanding of sustainable ecological, social and economic systems, concern for environmental justice, and the competence to act on such knowledge Equipping and encouraging all students and staff to participate actively in building a socially diverse, just and sustainable society, while cultivating connections to local, regional, and global communities



Strategic Directions

Lane Transforms Students' Lives Through Learning

We acknowledge that students occupy many roles, including those of family members, workers, members of social groups, and citizens of an increasingly interconnected world.

We provide educational experiences, support services, and institutional structures that enhance student learning and success.

In our work inside and outside of the classroom, and in our daily interactions with students and one another, we aim to empower all students; we encourage students to grow, to take risks, and to assume responsibility for succeeding in all aspects of their lives.

Commitment to Student Learning and Success

Foster a collegewide culture of service to student learning, academic excellence, and success

Define, build shared understanding, and implement practices that lead to student learning and success

Improve communications, services, systems, and structures to maximize access and opportunity for all students

A Culture of Teaching, Learning, and Innovation

Support teaching, learning, assessment, and innovation through faculty research and scholarship

Develop cross-disciplinary structures and supports to improve collaboration and innovation in Lane's programs and services Provide professional development opportunities for faculty, staff, and managers that advance teaching and learning at Lane

Build capacity to expand and support online teaching, learning, and educational resources

Access, Equity, and Inclusion through Social Justice

Integrate principles of social justice throughout the college learning and working environment Develop a culture of inclusivity and respect through dialogue, outreach, education, and equitable policies and practices Improve recruitment, retention, and support of diverse students, faculty, staff, and managers

Strengthened Community

Foster a sense of college community through engagement, dialogue, transparency, and leadership development of Lane faculty and staff Identify, evaluate, and agilely respond to evolving community needs, issues and opportunities Strengthen the effectiveness of collaborative partnerships with employers, advisory boards, K-12 school districts, universities, and community organizations

Financial and Environmental Stewardship

Develop planning, decision-making, and resource allocation structures for programs and services to achieve optimal enrollment levels, student affordability, and fiscal sustainability while continuing to support a high-quality teaching and learning environment Implement environmental sustainability

principles and practices

Increase adaptive capacity in our staff, students, community, and built environment to create organizational and environmental resilience





OVERVIEW



Budget Development Process

In the budget development process outlined below, Lane Community College follows Oregon Local Budget Law. In addition to providing a financial plan for fiscal year revenues and expenses, Lane's Budget document outlines programs and initiatives and implements controls on spending authority. The budget development process is designed to encourage citizen input and public opinion about college programs and fiscal policies.

I Establish a Budget Committee

The Budget Committee consists of the seven members of the Board of Education plus seven citizens at large. Each board member appoints one citizen to the committee for a term of three years. Terms are staggered so that about one third of the appointed terms end each year.

II Appoint a Budget Officer

Lane's Budget Officer is appointed by the Board of Education.

III Prepare a Proposed Budget

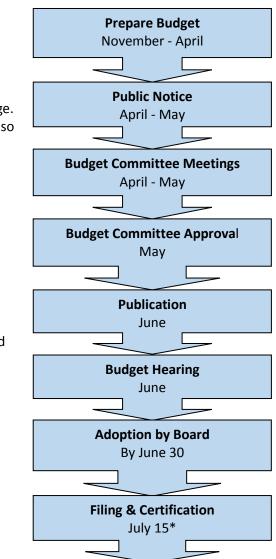
The Budget Officer supervises the preparation of a Proposed Budget which includes the following actions:

- A. Discuss Budget Assumptions with Budget Committee
- B. Develop resource (revenue) estimates and base expenditures budget
- C. Estimate preliminary surplus/deficit
- D. Determine tuition rate
- E. Develop changes to base and final budgets in accordance with internal planning processes and Board of Education approval
- F. Prepare Budget Message for the Budget Committee, public, employees and other stakeholders

IV Public Notice

Lane's Budget Officer publishes a public Notice of Budget Committee Meeting(s).

*Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) section 294:http://www.leg.state.or.us/ors/294.html



V Budget Committee Meeting(s)

At least one Budget Committee meeting is held to 1) review the budget message and document, 2) hear the public and 3) revise and complete the budget as needed. At the time the proposed budget is distributed to the Budget Committee, it becomes public record and is made available to the public.

VI Budget Approval

When the Budget Committee is satisfied with the proposed budget, including any additions to or deletions from the budget prepared by the Budget Officer, the budget is approved. Note: If the budget requires an ad valorem tax to be in balance, the budget committee must approve an amount or rate of total ad valorem property taxes to be certified to the assessor.

VII Publication

After the budget is approved a budget hearing is held by the Board of Education. The Budget Officer publishes a summary of the approved budget and a Notice of Budget Hearing.

VIII Budget Hearing

The Budget Hearing is held to receive citizen testimony on the approved budget.

IX Adoption

The Board of Education enacts a resolution to 1) formally adopt the budget, 2) make appropriations and, if needed, 3) levy and categorize taxes. The resolution must be adopted no later than June 30 for the fiscal year starting July 1.

X Budget Filed and Levy Certified

A copy of the complete budget is sent to the Lane County Clerk. When levying a property tax, Lane's Budget Officer submits notice of levy, categorization certification and resolutions to the County Assessor's office by July 15.

Budget Amendment Process

Budget estimates as shown in the Budget Document may be amended by the Board of Education 1) prior to formal adoption or 2) after formal adoption if amendments are adopted prior to the commencement of the budget fiscal year *and* the amount of estimated expenditures for each fund is not adjusted by more than 10%, a summary of the proposed changes must be published and another public Budget Hearing must be held.

Total ad valorem property tax amounts or rates may not be increased following formal adoption of the Budget Document unless 1) an amended Budget Document is republished and another public budget hearing is held and 2) the college obtains written approval and files a supplemental notice of property tax.

Operating Resources

This section presents the major operating resource categories for Lane's primary operating funds I and IX, and the methodologies used to analyze and forecast each category.

Figure 1: Operating Resource Categories, Funds I & IX



State Funding

The college receives funding from the State of Oregon Department of Community Colleges and Workforce Development (CCWD) through a biennial allocation, paid quarterly to each of Oregon's 17 community colleges. The total amount funded to CCWD is allocated to each community college district based upon a formula that factors rolling three year full time equivalent (FTE) student enrollment and property tax revenue into a distribution formula. Enrollment gains relative to other colleges have a positive correlation to state funding allocations, while property tax increases have a negative correlation.

Figure 2: Oregon Community Colleges State Funding Formula

€ = (Next year's imposed property tax revenue(1) + General Fund appropriations by the Legislature) Total Weighted Reimbursable FTE(2)

- Imposed property tax revenues do not include (i) taxes levied or imposed by a community college district to provide a public library system established prior to January 1, 1995, (ii) property taxes raised by Local Option Levies and General Obligation Bond Levies, (iii) base payments of \$720 per FTE up to 1,100 and \$360 per FTE for unrealized enrollments between actual enrollment numbers and 1,100 FTE, as adjusted pursuant to OAR 589-002-0100(8)(a), (iv) COD payments, and (v) any other payments directed by the BOE or the Legislature.
- (2) Reimbursable FTEs are calculated based on a three-year weighted average of reported reimbursable FTE submitted by the community college districts to CCWD. Residents of the State and the states of Idaho, Washington, Nevada, and California shall be counted as part of each community college district's reimbursable enrollment base, but only for those students who take part in coursework offered within Oregon's boundaries. The biennial growth management component is applied to each college's actual annual FTE and the result is weighted as follows: prior year enrollment weighted at 40 percent, second year prior enrollment weighted at 30 percent and third year prior enrollment weighted at 30 percent.

When forecasting Lane's state funding revenues, staff assess the economic, budgetary and political environment in the state to project total CCWD funding levels. They then estimate enrollment and property tax levels at Lane and the other 16 community colleges in the state. During the biennial funding cycle, budget and finance staff often model multiple total funding scenarios as it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome of legislative budget sessions.

Property Taxes

Lane receives property taxes based upon assessed property values in Lane County and small portions of Linn, Benton, and Douglas Counties. A tax rate limitation was established in 1990 as the result of a constitutional amendment, Article XL Section 11b (often called "Measure 5".) This limits education taxes to \$5 per 1,000 of the taxable real market value of property. If taxes on a property exceed this limit, tax rates are compressed, thereby reducing revenue received by the college¹. Property tax revenues are incorporated into the state funding formula as illustrated on page 14, and are thus subject to equalization across all 17 community college districts.

When forecasting property tax revenues, staff review county records for assessed value and collection rates, actual collections, and housing market trends and forecasts.

Tuition

Credit students at Lane pay a per-credit tuition rate based upon their residency status.

Tuition revenue is forecast through term by term enrollment trend analysis, review of external and environmental factors (such as economic and employment conditions, high school graduation rates, and financial aid regulatory changes), application of tuition rate changes, and offsets such as tuition waivers and discounts.

Student Fees

There are a variety of student fees for credit and non-credit students at Lane that factor into revenue forecasts and projections:

- The *Technology Fee* is assessed to all credit students at a rate of \$9 per credit. The fee helps cover the cost of technology used to run classes and serve students through "smart" classrooms, online courses, Wi-Fi, internet access, computer labs, and staff support.
- Students taking credit classes on main campus are assessed a *Transportation Fee* of \$27 per term. This fee pays for expenses related to parking lot
 maintenance and security, as well as providing all credit students with a Lane Transit District (LTD) bus pass for the term. Credit students taking classes at
 locations other than main campus pay \$5 per term for transportation fees. This pays for expenses related to parking lot maintenance and security at
 outreach sites.
- Main campus credit students also pay a \$56 per term *Student Activity Fee*. This fee is voted on by the student body in the Associated Students of Lane Community College (ASLCC) spring elections and is used to support student activities and services.
- The *Student Health Fee* of \$45 per term is paid by students taking credit courses on main campus and is used to fund the college's Health Clinic.
- Credit students enrolling in their first term at Lane are assessed a one-time, \$30, *One-Time Credit Enrollment Fee*. This fee helps cover the cost of placement testing and degree evaluation.
- Students taking online courses pay a \$25 per course **Online Course Fee** to support online course development, technological support and quality assessment.
- Students in high-cost health professions and advanced technology programs pay *Differential Fees* that vary by program and help offset cost differentials in these programs.
- Students pay class fees that go into an *Income Credit Program (ICP)* fund for a variety of consumable, class-specific materials, supplies and equipment. These vary by class and are usually expensed in the year in which they are received.
- Continuing Education students pay Continuing Education Course Fees, which vary by course.

¹ In fiscal year 2016, there was \$286,800 of compression of the college's permanent rate due to the tax rate limitation.

Staff forecast student fee revenue based upon credit enrollment and headcount projections, new credit student headcount projections, program-specific enrollment, fee rate changes, and trend analysis.

Other Fees & Charges

Other fees and charges include charges for bad debt provision (contra-revenue), facilities rental, late charges, admissions fees, and other miscellaneous user fees and charges. These are projected using trend analysis and analysis of program-specific plans and activities.

Administrative Recovery

The general fund receives administrative recovery from several sources:

- The International Students Program and the Titan Store contribute to the general fund on an annual basis to offset overhead and administrative costs.
- The Lane Community College Foundation reimburses the general fund for staff salaries, based on actual payroll and benefit expenses.
- The college receives revenue from grant programs it administers based upon the chargeback or administrative rate, which varies by grant. This is forecast by reviewing the college's current grant portfolio and anticipated new grant activity.
- Finally, the college receives funding for administering student Pell grants at a rate of \$5 per student per term. This is forecast through Pell enrollment projections.

Gifts & Donations

The primary source of gift and donation revenue in Funds I & IX is through the college's radio station, KLCC FM, membership contributions. This is forecast through trend analysis and radio station strategic planning metrics. Other sources of gifts and donations come from specific program-support donations and are insignificant within the context over overall revenues.

Sale of Goods & Services

This category includes revenue from Specialized Support Services (S3) contracts, KLCC FM underwriting, health and dental clinic insurance billing, and other miscellaneous sales revenue. Revenue is forecast by program-specific trend analysis and activity projections.

Other Revenue Sources

Other revenue sources include interest income, credits, rebates, and miscellaneous other revenue. Revenues in this category are forecast individually by activity. Interest income is forecast by analyzing the college's investment portfolio and return rates. Other revenues in this category are forecast using trend analysis and activity projections.

Operating Transfers In

This category includes interfund operating transfers for items such as program support and salary reimbursement. These transfers are forecast based on a standard budgetary transfer schedule and analysis of program or activity changes.

T	Table 1: Summary of Resource Categories, Data Sources a	and Key Forecasting Variables/Assumptions
Resource Category	Data Sources	Key Forecasting Variables/Assumptions
Intergovernmental		
State Funding	 CCWD funding worksheet State economic and political environmental scanning and analysis Lane enrollment trends and projections Enrollment trends and projections from other community colleges Property tax revenues 	 Biennial funding base Lane enrollment Other Oregon community colleges' enrollment Lane property tax revenue Other Oregon community colleges' property tax revenue
Property Taxes	 County assessed value and collection rates, actual collections, housing market trends and forecasts 	% increase/decrease
Tuition & Fees		
Tuition	 Credit enrollment trends Environmental scanning and analysis Actual receipts 	Tuition rateEnrollment % change
Student Fees	 Credit enrollment and headcount trends Program-specific plans and analysis Actual receipts 	Fee ratesEnrollment % change
Other Fees & Charges	 Credit enrollment Service and activity levels Program-specific plans and analysis Bad debt write offs, receivable and collections trends, balance sheet analysis 	 Service and activity changes Collection rates

(Continued)

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

Lane Community College

Resource Category	Data Sources	Key Forecasting Variables/Assumptions
Other Revenue Sources		
Administrative	 Administrative recovery schedules 	Standard schedule
Recovery	Pell credit enrollment	 Staffing and activity changes
	Grant activity	
	 Foundation staff position list 	
Gifts & Donations	KLCC FM membership trends and forecasts	 KLCC FM membership % increase/decrease
	 Foundation program support activity 	 Foundation activity
Other Revenue	Credit and continuing education enrollment	 Service and activity changes
	Actual receipts	 Investment portfolio and return rates
	 Investment rates and portfolio 	
	 Department plans and forecasts 	
Sale of Goods &	 Service and activity levels 	 Service and activity changes
Services	Actual receipts	
	 Department plans and forecasts 	
Transfers In		
Operating Transfers In	Budgeted transfers	Standard schedule
	Actual transfers	
	Scheduled updates	

	Table 2: History of Resources, Funds I & IX										
Category	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016	FY2017	
State Funding*	29,741,600	30,888,600	28,091,800	26,306,900	26,429,900	24,751,100	30,363,300	31,213,000	31,421,400	27,230,100	
as % Total	11.86%	12.35%	12.76%	13.03%	13.21%	13.35%	13.42%	12.84%	11.46%	8.67%	
CCWD Funding Allocation											
Property Taxes	13,934,900	14,759,000	15,635,400	15,693,300	15,746,500	16,292,300	16,513,100	17,527,800	18,013,800	18,746,800	
	43,676,500	45,647,600	43,727,200	42,000,200	42,176,400	41,043,400	46,876,400	48,740,800	49,435,200	45,976,900	
as % Total	54.0%	51.1%	45.4%	41.8%	41.1%	42.2%	48.6%	51.4%	52.9%	52.4%	
Tuition	22,613,500	27,470,400	33,582,200	38,216,100	37,729,000	35,951,600	31,818,900	27,904,500	23,956,600	23,730,100	
Student Fees	5,473,900	6,328,500	7,656,500	8,441,800	8,449,800	8,354,900	7,597,400	7,041,300	6,472,300	7,680,500	
Other Fees &	1,611,100	1,753,200	1,528,700	1,660,200	1,550,200	1,492,400	1,468,300	1,431,300	1,411,200	1,325,900	
Charges											
	29,698,500	35,552,100	42,767,400	48,318,100	47,729,000	45,798,800	40,884,600	36,377,100	31,840,100	32,736,500	
as % Total	36.8%	39.8%	44.4%	48.1%	46.5%	47.0%	42.4%	38.4%	34.1%	37.3%	
Administrative Recovery	473,300	857,800	471,400	1,357,900	557,600	1,128,400	571,100	1,293,700	1,889,700	1,985,100	
Gifts & Donations	1,295,700	891,000	989,000	961,000	1,066,800	1,030,600	900,300	1,194,500	1,139,500	1,217,100	
Other Revenue Sources	2,457,400	2,282,800	3,355,000	3,549,200	3,849,200	3,595,300	2,990,000	2,986,900	2,650,800	1,246,700	
Sale of Goods & Services	1,439,900	1,445,200	1,449,400	1,886,700	2,383,200	2,297,900	2,298,800	2,619,000	3,158,500	2,938,700	
	5,666,300	5,476,800	6,264,900	7,754,800	7,856,700	8,052,200	6,760,000	8,094,100	8,838,500	7,387,600	
as % Total	7.0%	6.1%	6.5%	7.7%	7.7%	8.3%	7.0%	8.5%	9.5%	8.4%	
Operating Transfers In	1,769,300	2,602,800	3,658,400	2,328,200	4,819,800	2,455,500	1,884,500	1,619,000	3,294,700	1,559,100	
as % Total	2.2%	2.9%	3.8%	2.3%	4.7%	2.5%	2.0%	1.7%	3.5%	1.8%	
Total All	80,810,600	89,279,300	96,417,900	100,401,300	102,582,900	97,349,900	96,405,500	94,831,000	93,408,500	87,660,100	

Source: Lane Community College Budget Office, Banner/CAFR

*Adjusted for 4th quarter payment

Operating Requirements

This section presents the major operating requirement categories for Lane's primary operating funds I and IX, and the methodologies used to analyze and forecast each category.

Figure 3:Operating Requirement Categories, Funds I & IX



Contracted Salaries & Wages

This expenditure category includes salaries and wages for contracted faculty, contracted classified staff with assignments of .5 to 1.0 full time equivalency (FTE), and contracted management employees.

Each contracted employee position is tracked in the college's position list database system. Using the position database, position by position salary forecasts are calculated. The calculations consider level, step, vacancy status, FTE assignment, and salary schedule/cost of living adjustments. A "swirl" factor is applied to contracted personnel forecasts, which is the savings realized through contracted personnel attrition, and hiring that occurs after the base projection position list is developed. This swirl factor is analyzed annually and averages 2.5% to 3.5%.

Part-Time Salaries & Wages

All non-contracted salaries and wages are classified as part-time. These include part-time and non-credit faculty (adjunct faculty), faculty overload, hourly classified staff, classified overtime, hourly management assignments, and student workers. Part-time expenditures are forecast using historical trend analysis, department-by-department enrollment trends and contracted employee levels, and application of step and salary schedule/cost of living adjustments.

Other Payroll Expenses (OPE)

This category includes all personnel-related expenditures outside of salaries and wages. A breakdown of OPE expenditures is shown in table 3 below.

Category	Amount	% Total
Medical insurance	\$13,179,575	43.9%
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)	6,089,667	20.3%
Pension obligation bond payments	4,547,170	15.2%
FICA (social security & Medicare)	3,993,050	13.3%
Health Clinic	400,000	1.3%
Early retirement actuarial expense	0	0.0%
Employee assistance program	35,830	0.1%
Employee tuition waiver program	440,452	1.5%
Employee wellness program	143,000	0.5%
Classified benefit stipend	130,913	0.4%
Other miscellaneous expenses	793,082	2.65%
Unemployment insurance	105,696	0.4%
Workers compensation	117,935	0.4%
Total All	\$29,973,370	100.0%

Table 3: Fiscal Year 2017 Actual OPE Expenditures - All College Funds

The college allocates OPE by applying a blended rate to 1) contracted salaries and wages, 2) part-time faculty, classified staff, and managers, and 3) a flat 10% rate to student workers. Contracted and part-time rates are calculated by estimating total salary and wage bases, updating and applying payroll tax and PERS rates, then updating and allocating other costs. A history of OPE rates is presented in table 4.

Table 4: 15-Year OPE Rate History

Fiscal Year	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Contracted Rate (%)	49.9	53	53.8	51.5	55.8	50.4	55.5	55.5	59	63	65	64	64	64	65
Part-Time Rate (%)	32.3	39.6	40.2	31.1	34.5	30.3	31.2	31.2	35	36	37	38	38	38	39
Student Rate (%)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

The college has been able to stem OPE rate escalation in recent years due to containment of medical insurance costs through plan design and choice, and mitigation of PERS rate increases through pension bond investment and PERS reserve funds.

Direct OPE Rate

When developing pro forma analyses for contract negotiations related to step and salary schedule increases, staff use a "Direct Rate" of 25%, which represents the variable additional costs (payroll taxes and PERS) applied to increased salary bases.

Materials & Services

This broad expenditure category includes instructional and office supplies, contract and professional services, travel, fees and dues, and maintenance. A subset of materials & services is mandatory expenditures, which are general fund expenses that are legally, contractually, or operationally required and serve the entire college. Staff forecast materials and services expenditures using historical trend analysis, analysis of changes in mandatory expenditures, and program-specific trend analysis and activity projections.

Capital Outlay

Capital outlay encompasses land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment with a depreciable value of \$10,000 or more. It also includes library books with depreciable useful life exceeding two years.

A standard annual allocation is provided from the general fund to prioritized departmental capital needs through the department planning process.

Goods for Resale

Goods for resale are items purchased for resale and include parking and bus passes, food, and books. Staff forecast goods for resale using trend analysis, enrollment projections, and program-specific activity and sales projections.

Operating Transfers Out

This category includes interfund operating transfers for items such as program support, salary reimbursement, institutional financial aid match obligations, and capital maintenance and investments. These transfers are forecast based on a standard budgetary transfer schedule and analysis of program or activity changes.

Tak	ole 5: Summary of Requirement Categories, Data Sources and Key Fo	precasting Variables/Assumptions
Requirement Category	Data Sources	Key Forecasting Variables/Assumptions
Personnel		
Contracted Salaries & Wages	 Position list Salary schedules by employee group Step and salary schedule adjustments or contract negotiation parameters Swirl factor 	Staffing levelsContract negotiations
Part-Time Salaries & Wages	 Enrollment and activity levels Contracted staffing levels Step and salary schedule adjustments or contract negotiation parameters 	 Enrollment levels Contracted staffing levels Contract negotiations
Other Payroll Expenses (OPE)	 Actual collections and expenses Base salary levels PERS rates Contract negotiation parameters, including medical insurance 	 Staffing levels; total salaries and wages Health insurance premiums PERS rates
Other Expenditures		
Materials & Services	 Enrollment and activity levels Actual expenditures Mandatory requirements Department plans and forecasts 	Enrollment and activity levelsMandatory changes
Capital Outlay	 Capital outlay allocation Department plans and forecasts 	Allocation funding
Goods for Resale	 Sales revenue Actual expenditures Department plans and forecasts 	Enrollment and activity levelsSales forecasts
Transfers Out		
Operating Transfers Out	 Budgeted transfers Actual transfers Scheduled updates 	Standard schedule

			Table	6: History of	Requirement	s, Funds I & IX				
Category	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17
Personnel										
Contracted	31,017,900	31,505,800	32,139,500	33,962,200	35,414,900	36,142,700	37,152,900	36,913,200	35,014,900	35,846,900
Salaries & Wages										
Part-Time Salaries	8,769,600	11,077,100	14,320,500	16,400,000	17,790,500	17,775,400	16,082,100	12,623,100	12,873,800	12,246,400
&Wages										
Other Payroll	18,020,600	19,277,600	19,144,000	21,739,000	26,712,300	28,637,300	27,609,900	26,823,700	26,862,600	26,018,200
Expenses (OPE)										
	57,808,100	61,860,500	65,604,000	72,101,200	79,917,700	82,555,400	80,844,900	76,360,000	74,751,300	75,177,800
as % Total	77.0%	74.2%	74.1%	78.3%	76.3%	80.2%	81.1%	82.5%	80.4%	81.6%
Other Expenditures										
Materials &	11,039,100	13,036,300	13,952,400	13,982,300	13,465,900	15,007,200	13,902,000	12,007,200	12,305,700	12,168,00
Services										
Capital Outlay	824,400	647,600	610,100	767,500	639,900	398,000	320,200	304,300	557,100	819,100
Goods for Resale	634,100	614,900	1,193,600	1,081,700	1,049,400	1,006,200	994,200	773,100	715,900	720,000
	12,497,600	14,298,800	15,756,100	15,831,500	15,155,200	16,411,400	15,216,400	13,084,600	13,578,700	13,707,100
as % Total	16.6%	17.2%	17.8%	17.2%	14.5%	15.9%	15.3%	14.1%	14.6%	14.9%
Transfers Out										
Operating	4,799,300	7,194,600	7,195,200	4,106,700	9,619,400	3,959,200	3,679,100	3,060,900	4,598,800	3,266,100
Transfers Out										
as % Total	6.4%	8.6%	8.1%	4.5%	9.2%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%	4.9%	3.5%
Total All	75,105,000	83,353,900	88,555,300	92,039,400	104,692,300	102,926,000	99,740,400	92,505,500	92,928,800	92,151,000

Source: Lane Community College Budget Office, Banner/CAFR

Economic Environment

State Community College Budget. The Community College Support Fund (CCSF) is a biennial allocation in the State budget adopted by the Legislative Assembly in odd-numbered years (the "Legislatively Adopted Budget".) The Legislatively Adopted Budget covers two fiscal years (a biennium) beginning July 1 of an odd-numbered year to June 30 of the next odd-numbered year. This budget allocates funding for Community College and Workforce Development (CCWD) State agencies. The Assembly has the authority to subsequently approve revisions to the Legislatively Adopted Budget, which is termed the "Legislatively Approved Budget".

The Oregon Constitution requires the Legislative Assembly to balance the State's General Fund budget. The Department of Administrative Services' Office of Economic Analysis, the OEA, produces a quarterly revenue forecast for the biennium. In odd years, the OEA also produces a "Close of Session Forecast" after the end of the legislative session, which adjusts the economic forecast to include any legislative changes. If OEA's assumptions are not realized, then the State's financial projections may not be achieved. Copies of the Revenue Forecasts are available on OEA's website, <u>www.oregon.gov/das/OEA</u>.

If, over the course of a biennium, forecasted revenues decline significantly from the Close of Session Forecast, the Legislative Assembly may call a special session to rebalance the budget, the Governor may direct reduced spending, or the Legislative Assembly may adjust the budget during regular session at the end of the biennium.

2017-2019 Biennial State Budget. The budget adopted by the Legislature for the 2017-19 biennium included \$74.390 billion in total funds, representing a 3.6 percent increase over the 2015-17 biennium's Legislatively Approved Budget. The Legislatively Approved Budget includes \$19.856 billion in General Funds, \$1.071 billion Lottery Funds, \$21.792 billion Federal funds and \$31.671 billion Other Funds.

2017-2019 Biennium Revenue Forecast. In February 2018, the OEA released the March 2018 Revenue Forecast. The March 2018 Revenue Forecast for gross General Fund revenues for the 2017-2019 biennium was \$19,491 million, down \$40.1 million from the previous forecast.

Personal income tax gains continue to reflect Oregon's strong underlying labor market. Corporate tax collections have posted healthy gains since the previous forecast. The majority of the increases come from personal, corporate, and estate revenues.

Table 1. State General Fund Forecast Summary (5 in Winnons)											
	2017-19	Biennium Revenue Fore	cast	March 2018 Forecast – Change From							
	Close of Session	December 2017	March 2018	December 2017	Close of Session						
Structural Revenues											
Personal Income Tax	\$17,147.4	\$17,118.5	\$17,174.8	\$56.2	\$27.4						
Corporate Income Tax	\$1,077.0	\$1,078.0	\$978.2	-\$99.8	-\$98.8						
All Other Revenues	\$1,327.6	\$1,334.3	\$1,337.8	\$3.5	\$10.2						
Gross General Fund Revenues	\$19,551.9	\$19,530.8	\$19,490.7	-\$40.1	-\$61.2						
Offsets and Transfers	-\$75.5	-\$73.9	-\$67.0	\$7.0	\$8.5						
Administrative Actions	-\$21.5	-\$21.5	-\$21.5	\$0.0	\$0.0						
Legislative Actions	-\$180.1	-\$180.1	-\$179.4	\$0.7	\$0.7						
Net Available Resources	<u>\$20,055.7</u>	<u>\$20,130.9</u>	<u>\$20,200.8</u>	<u>\$69.8</u>	<u>\$145.0</u>						

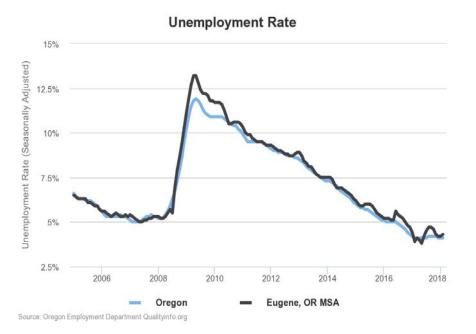
Table 1: State General Fund Forecast Summary (\$ in Millions)

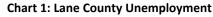
Source: Oregon Office of Economic Analysis, March 2018

Employment in Lane County. *Eugene Metropolitan Service Area:*

February 2018. Lane County's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 4.3 percent in February 2018, a 0.4 percent increase from February 2017. Oregon's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 4.1 percent, which was identical to the national rate.

Two-year public college enrollment is positively correlated to unemployment, while four-year higher education institution enrollment is inversely related². As shown in Chart 2, unemployment rates have a significant impact on Lane Community College's enrollment.





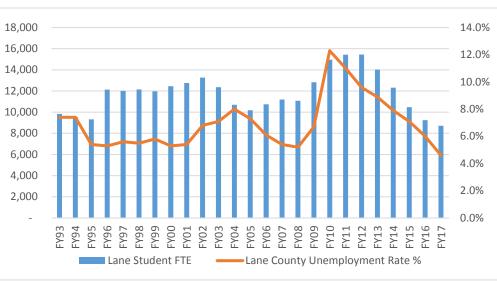


Chart 2: Unemployment Comparison to Student Full Time Equivalent (FTE)

² DeLeeuw, J. (2012). Unemployment rate and tuition enrollment predictors. Monroe Community College.

Higher Education Price Index³. The Commonfund Higher Education Price Index (HEPI) is an inflation index designed specifically to track the major cost drivers in higher education. It is an essential planning tool for educational managers, helping schools to understand the future budget and funding increases required to maintain real purchasing power. HEPI is issued annually by Commonfund Institute and is distributed free of charge to educational institutions.

HEPI is a more accurate indicator of changes in costs for colleges and universities than the more familiar Consumer Price Index. It measures the average relative level of prices in a fixed basket of goods and services purchased by colleges and universities each year through current fund educational and general expenditures, excluding research.

HEPI is compiled from data reported and published by government and economic agencies. The eight categories cover current operational costs of colleges and universities. These include salaries for faculty, administrative employees, clerical employees, and service employees, fringe benefits, utilities, supplies and materials, and miscellaneous services. As reflected in Chart 3 on the following page, the 2017 HEPI represents the largest inflationary increase since 2008 and a 1.9 percent increase over the prior year.





³ <u>www.commonfund.org/commonfund-institute/higher-education-price-index-hepi/</u>

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). Public employers in Oregon are bracing for significant increases to pension costs over the next several biennia due to the Oregon Supreme Court's rejection of lawmakers' 2013 pension reforms, low investment returns, and changes in the system's economic assumptions that have resulted in an unfunded liability of more than \$25 billion. The college will face year-over-year increases up to 12% or \$7.2 million over the three year period 2018-2021. The college prudently funded a PERS reserve account in 2004, and increased it in 2005 and again in 2010, in anticipation of rate increases. The college utilized \$860,000 of this fund in FY18 to stabilize OPE rates and plans on utilizing another \$860,000 in the 2019 fiscal year. The estimated beginning PERS reserve fund balance for the 2019 fiscal year is \$4.676 million.

Issues and Opportunities

Enrollment

As shown in Chart 4 below, Lane's enrollment is projected to fall to a 25 year low 8,150, full-time equivalent (FTE) in 2018, representing a 47% decline from its peak in 2012, and 2% lower than the closest comparator year of 1990.

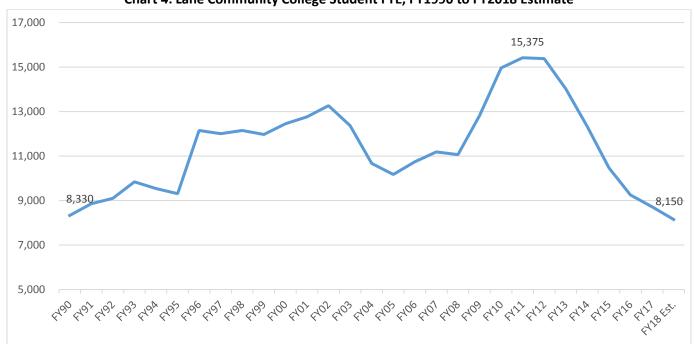


Chart 4: Lane Community College Student FTE, FY1990 to FY2018 Estimate

In addition to unemployment drivers, changes in federal financial aid policies, shifting county demographics, impacts of the K-12 educational system and environment, and increased competition from online and for-profit educational institutions impact enrollment at Lane. The college is working on several efforts to increase student success, most notably the Strategic Enrollment Management Plan, increased investment in first year experience programs and student advising, implementation of an installment payment plan, continued investments in academic technology (online courses and open educational resources), streamlined application processes, college-wide program review, and development of a comprehensive Learning Plan. After analyzing enrollment drivers and trends and planned enrollment growth strategies, the Budget Development Subcommittee of College Council is projecting a 2 percent enrollment increase for the coming 2018-2019 academic year.

Enrollment is critical to the educational mission of the college and is essential to its financial health. The primary revenue streams of state funding and tuition and fees are directly dependent upon enrollment. Tuition and fee income is dependent upon three primary factors: number of students; credits enrolled; and, instruction time. State funding from the Community College Support Fund (as well as property tax revenue) is generally distributed in proportion to each college's percentage of the total student FTE throughout community colleges in the State (or in proportion to each college's share of the FTE distribution.) As shown in Chart 5 below, LCC's share of state funding is significantly declining from its recent peak in 2016.



Chart 5: Lane Community College's Annual Resources from the Community College Support Fund, FY12-FY19 Projected

Tuition

The most recent (2017) Higher Education Price Index was 3.7%, which equates to a \$4 tuition increase for Lane students. In November, prior to the release of the 2017 HEPI, the board approved a \$2 tuition increase based upon the 2016 index.

Significant tuition increases, not pegged to inflation, adversely affect student enrollment in the next academic year. The college, therefore, adopted board policy BP725, which states:

In order to maintain a constant tuition rate relative to inflation, each year, the board may consider an appropriate index for two-year public colleges on which to discuss a tuition increase. Each year, the board may adjust the per credit tuition rate to reflect the needs of the college. The rate will be rounded to the nearest half-dollar and become effective the following academic year (Summer Term).

Should the board conclude that increases above the selected index are required, the board will assure that there are college-wide opportunities, particularly with students, to engaged in discussions about the impact of tuition increases on access, affordability and course offerings. Should the board concluded that tuition reduced, the board will similarly assure that there are opportunities to engaged in college-wide discussions about the impact on course offerings, access and affordability.

Lane's tuition and fees are among the highest in the State, as shown in Chart 6 below. With continued disinvestment by the state, exacerbated by enrollmentdriven declines in Lane's share of community college support funds, the college increasingly relies on tuition and fee revenue to support its expenditure base.

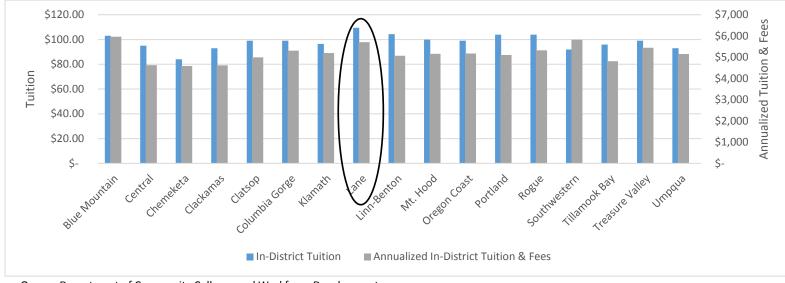


Chart 6: Oregon Community Colleges In-District Tuition and Fees, 2017-2018 Academic Year

Source: Oregon Department of Community Colleges and Workforce Development

Personnel Costs

Even as enrollment at the college dips to historical lows, personnel costs in operating funds I & IX are \$12.9 million or 21% higher than FY2009, prior to the enrollment surge of 2009 to 2013. Staffing to student FTE ratios have increased 33% over that same time period as reflected in Table 2 below.

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Est.
Student FTE	12,817	14,958	15,417	15,375	14,015	12,312	10,466	9,250	8,716	8,150
Personnel FTE	848	936	1004	1046	1040	992	863	830	816	801
Student to Personnel FTE	15.1	16.0	15.4	14.7	13.5	12.4	12.1	11.1	10.7	10.2
Salary, Wages & OPE	\$61,860,562	\$65,594,434	\$72,101,223	\$79,917,689	\$81,415,508	\$79,559,400	\$76,330,849	\$74,687,267	\$74,100,298	\$74,789,600

Table 2: Student and Personnel Trends



ANNUAL PLANNING

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

Summary - All Func	ls					
FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	Fund	FY 2018-19	Comments	
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	Fullu	PROPOSED	comments	
81,060,201	80,550,360	87,823,200	General Fund I	88,811,048		
1,396,992	1,168,459	1,791,170	Internal Service Fund II	1,470,000		
28,639,267	33,266,742	13,830,466	Debt Service Fund III	14,126,542		
15,706,188	2,511,864	7,491,369	Capital Projects Fund IV	4,066,500		
43,432,741	39,009,658	52,334,500	Financial Aid Fund V	52,026,500		
13,221,519	12,984,992	21,451,875	Enterprise Fund VI	17,369,000		
7,334,368	7,954,599	11,757,000	Special Revenue Fund VIII	11,757,000		
11,868,604	10,531,359	21,654,294	Administratively Restricted Fund IX	19,515,020		
202,659,881	187,978,032	218,133,874	Total All Funds	209,141,610		

Lane Commun	ity College
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FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-1
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSE
			REVENUES	
44,313,357	35,024,544	35,299,976	State Support	33,100,0
40,900,112	35,039,981	46,395,000	Federal Support	46,395,0
293,720	41,758	300,000	Local Support	300,0
24,001,636	25,598,190	27,072,700	Property Taxes	27,954,3
			Tuition & Fees:	
26,384,298	26,226,778	28,458,000	Tuition	28,468,3
7,236,846	8,415,463	11,857,260	Student Fees	11,214,2
			Other Sources:	
9,581,468	8,195,997	12,764,962	Sale of Goods and Services	10,641,0
36,209,253	38,312,180	20,655,683	Other Revenues	22,398,0
188,920,690	176,854,891	182,803,581	TOTAL REVENUES	180,470,8
			REQUIREMENTS	
50,659,785	50,889,569	55,121,954	Instruction	55,151,6
5,822,455	6,045,561	7,084,426	Instructional Support	6,858,7
24,326,480	23,167,462	26,650,988	Student Services	25,048,8
6,165,170	6,440,078	7,788,440	Community Services	7,827,4
16,020,436	16,009,818	16,531,083	College Support Services	16,677,7
6,251,757	5,884,198	6,240,709	Plant Operations & Maintenance	6,108,0
15,673,586	2,475,913	7,051,369	Plant Additions	4,066,5
43,207,362	38,810,888	50,315,500	Financial Aid	50,315,5
28,639,267	33,266,742	13,830,466	Debt Services	14,126,5
-	-	20,356,330	Contingency	14,981,0
-	-	2,465,800	Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance (UEFB)	2,650,0
196,766,298	182,990,229	213,437,065	TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	203,812,0
			SUMMARY	
188,920,690	176,854,891	182,803,581	Total Revenues	180,470,8
(196,766,298)	(182,990,229)	(213,437,065)	Less: Total Requirements	(203,812,0
(7,845,608)	(6,135,338)	(30,633,484)	REVENUES OVER-(UNDER) REQUIREMENTS	(23,341,2
			OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
5,893,584	4,987,805	4,696,809	Transfers In	5,329,5
(5,893,584)	(4,987,805)	(4,696,809)	Transfers Out	(5,329,5
(0)	-	-	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
			CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	
44,706,890	36,861,281	30,633,484	Beginning Fund Balance	23,341,2
36,861,282	30,725,943	,,	ENDING FUND BALANCE	-,,-

			Lane Community College FY2019 Budget and Fund Structure									
Fund I	Fund IX	Fund II	Fur	nd III	Fund IV	Fund V	Fund VI	Fund VIII				
General Fund	Special Revenue	Internal Service Fund	Debt Service Fund		Debt Service Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Financial Aid Fund	Enterprise Fund	Special Revenue
\$88,811,048	Admin Restricted \$12,059,920	\$1,470,000	\$14,12	26,542	\$4,066,500	\$52,026,500	\$17,369,000	Fund \$11,757,000				
Transfers: \$929,000	Transfers: \$295,100	Transfers: \$0			Transfers: \$2,712,500	Transfers: \$50,000	Transfers: \$0	Transfers: \$4,000				
Instruction \$44,152,220	Instruction \$5,958,144	College Support Services \$1,470,000 Motor Pool \$30,000	<u>\$14,1</u> College \$8,97	Service 26,542 Finance 77,292 on-	Capital Projects \$4,066,500	Financial Aid \$50,315,500	Instruction \$130,032	Instruction \$4,911,300				
Instructional Support \$6,210,709	Instructional Support \$593,570	Printing & Graphics & Warehouse \$795,000 Telephone	Depart	tmental 19,250	Contingency \$0	Contingency \$1,978,500	Student Services <u>\$12,581,668</u> Conference & Culinary \$1,400,000	Instructional Support \$54,500				
Student Services \$8,742,299	Student Services \$2,701,480	<i>Services</i> \$245,000					Foodservices \$900,000 Housing Program \$1,465,700	Student Services \$1,023,400				
College Support Services \$14,795,786	Community Services (KLCC) \$2,118,100						International Student Program \$4,365,968 Titan Store \$4,450,000	Community Services \$5,079,300				
Plant Operation & Maintenance FM&P \$6,108,041	College Support Services \$757,427	Contingency \$400,000					Contingency \$4,000,000	College Support Services \$54,500				
Contingency \$2,620,000: UEFB \$2,650,000	Contingency \$6,300,000											
Instruction Instruction Student S	onal Support		upport Se ty Service erations		Debt Ser Capital P							

Schedule of Interfund Transfers

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

Interfund transfers are authorized by ORS 294.361 and ORS 294.463 and represent transfers of resources between funds for the repayment of costs incurred by one fund on behalf of another, or represent transfers of equity between funds.

or represent transfers of equity between runus.	Revenues	E	openditures	Comments
GENERAL FUND I	 			
To Debt Service Fund III To Capital Projects Fund IV		\$	746,893 2,500,000	Qualified Energy Conservation Loan \$111,893 & Titan Court \$635,000 Major Maintenance
To Special Revenue-Administratively Restricted Fund IX			285,100	Child Development Center \$88,000; Flight Technology \$120,000; KLCC \$77,100
From Financial Aid Fund V	\$ 50,000			Financial Aid transfer
From Enterprise Fund VI	15,000			International Student Program to Learn and Earn
From Special Revenue Fund VIII	4,000			Transfer authority contingency
From Special Revenue-Administratively Restricted Fund IX	 860,000			PERS Reserve
TOTAL	\$ 929,000	\$	3,531,993	
DEBT SERVICE FUND III				
From General Fund I	\$ 746,893			Qualified Energy Conservation Loan \$111,893; Titan Court \$635,000
From Enterprise Fund VI	632,300			Recovery Zone Bonds
From Special Revenue-Administratively Restricted Fund IX	 13,799			Flight Technology airplane loan
TOTAL	\$ 1,392,992	\$	-	
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND IV				
From General Fund I	2,500,000		-	Major Maintenance
From Special Revenue-Administratively Restricted Fund IX	 212,500			Transportation and Parking \$150,000; Longhouse \$62,500
TOTAL	\$ 2,712,500	\$	-	
FINANCIAL AID FUND V				
To General Fund	\$ -	\$	50,000	Financial Aid transfer
TOTAL	\$ -	\$	50,000	
ENTERPRISE FUND VI				
To General Fund I	\$ -	\$	15,000	International Student Program to Learn and Earn
To Debt Service Fund III	-		632,300	Recovery Zone Bonds
To Endowment Fund IX	 -		10,000	International Student Program to LETS
TOTAL	\$ -	\$	657,300	
SPECIAL REVENUE-G/C FUND VIII				
To General Fund I	\$ 	\$	4,000	Transfer authority contingency
TOTAL	\$ -	\$	4,000	
SPECIAL REVENUE-ADMINISTRATIVELY RESTRICTED FUND IX				
To General Fund I	-		860,000	PERS Reserve
To Debt Service Fund III	-		13,799	Flight Technology airplane loan
To Capital Projects Fund IV	-		212,500	Transportation and Parking \$150,000; Longhouse \$62,500
From General Fund I	285,100		-	Child Development Center \$88,000; Flight Technology \$120,000; KLCC \$77,100
From Enterprise Fund IV	 10,000		-	International Student Program to LETS
TOTAL	\$ 295,100	\$	1,086,299	
TOTAL TRANSFERS - ALL FUNDS	\$ 5,329,592	\$	5,329,592	

Change in Fund Balance

Budgetary Statement of Resources, Uses and Changes in Fund Balance FY 2018-19 Proposed Budget

		Admin	Capital		Internal	Special			
	General Fund	Restricted	Projects	Enterprise	Service	Revenue	Financial Aid	Debt Service	Total
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental - State	\$ 23,500,000	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 6,900,000	\$ -	\$ 33,100,000
Intergovernmental - Federal	-	30,000	-	-	-	6,507,000	39,858,000	-	46,395,000
Intergovernmental - Local	-	-	-	-	-	300,000	-	-	300,000
Intergovernmental - Property Taxes	20,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,454,300	27,954,300
Tuition & Fees	29,064,550	7,227,400	-	3,265,550	-	125,000	-	-	39,682,500
Other Sources:									-
Sale of Goods and Services	852,000	1,994,000	-	6,750,000	1,025,000	20,000	-	-	10,641,000
Other Revenues	6,462,198	2,808,520	246,000	2,487,050	45,000	1,880,000	3,290,000	5,179,250	22,398,018
Total Revenues	80,378,748	12,059,920	246,000	12,502,600	1,070,000	11,532,000	50,048,000	12,633,550	180,470,818
Expenditures:									
Instruction	44,152,220	5,958,144	-	130,032	-	4,911,300	-	-	55,151,696
Instructional Support	6,210,709	593,570	-	-	-	54,500	-	-	6,858,779
Student Services	8,742,299	2,701,480	-	12,581,668	-	1,023,400	-	-	25,048,847
Community Services	-	2,118,100	-	-	-	5,709,300	-	-	7,827,400
College Support Services	14,795,786	757,427	-	-	1,070,000	54,500	-	-	16,677,713
Plant Operations & Maintenance	6,108,041	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,108,041
Plant Additions	-	-	4,066,500	-	-	-	-	-	4,066,500
Financial Aid	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,315,500	-	50,315,500
Debt Services					-			14,126,542	14,126,542
Total Expenditures	80,009,055	12,128,721	4,066,500	12,711,700	1,070,000	11,753,000	50,315,500	14,126,542	186,181,018
Revenues Over-(Under) Expenditures	369,693	(68,801)	(3,820,500)	(209,100)	-	(221,000)	(267,500)	(1,492,992)	(5,710,200)

Continued

Lane Community College							2018-2019	Proposed Bud	<u>get</u>
		Admin	Capital		Internal	Special			
	General Fund	Restricted	Projects	Enterprise	Service	Revenue	Financial Aid	Debt Service	Total
Contingency									
* BP270: Board Contingency	440,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	440,000
* BP270: Administrative Contingency	880,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	880,000
* BP230: Capital Reserve Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reserve for PERS changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reserve for restricted carry over/adjustment	800,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	800,000
International Stabilization Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating contingency	500,000	6,300,000	-	4,000,000	400,000	-	1,661,000	-	12,861,000
Total Contingency	2,620,000	6,300,000	-	4,000,000	400,000	-	1,661,000	-	14,981,000
Other Financing Sources-(Uses)									
Transfers in/(out)	(2,602,993)	(791,199)	2,712,500	(657,300)	-	(4,000)	(50,000)	1,392,992	-
Changes in fund balance	(4,853,300)	(7,160,000)	(1,108,000)	(4,866,400)	(400,000)	(225,000)	(1,978,500)	(100,000)	(20,691,200)
Beginning Fund Balance	7,503,300	7,160,000	1,108,000	4,866,400	400,000	225,000	1,978,500	100,000	23,341,200
Total resources/(uses)	2,650,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,650,000
Transfers to/(From) Fund Balance * BP295: Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	(2,650,000)								(2,650,000)
Ending Fund Balance								-	-

* BP (Board policies) can be found in Appendix B: Financial Policies.

What is Fund Balance?

Fund balance is generally defined as the difference between a fund's assets and liabilities. An adequate fund balance is necessary for numerous reasons, such as to have funds available in case of emergency or unexpected events, to maintain or enhance the college's financial position and related bond ratings, to provide cash for operations prior to receipt of fall term tuitions and fees and receipt of property tax revenues.

2018-19 ESTIMATED BEGINNING AND ENDING FUND BALANCE

	July 1, 2018	June 30, 2019			
	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Dollar	Percent	
Fund Description	Projection	Projection	Change	Change	Explanation of changes in fund balances > 10%
GENERAL FUND I	7,503,300	7,503,300	0	0%	
ADMINISTRATIVELY RESTRICTED FUND IX	7,160,000	6,300,000	(860,000)	-12%	Pension (PERS) reserve is being drawn down \$860,000
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND IV	1,108,000	494,000	(614,000)	-55%	The college is winding down the 2008 bond.
ENTERPRISE FUND VI	4,866,400	1,800,000	(3,066,400)	-63%	Enrollment-related revenue decline; \$1.4M International Student Program additional Fund IX administrative recovery
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND II	400,000	400,000	0	0%	
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND VIII	225,000	225,000	0	0%	
FINANCIAL AID FUND V	1,978,500	1,661,000	(317,500)	-16%	Enrollment decline.
DEBT SERVICE FUND III	100,000	100,000	0	0%	
	23,341,200	18,483,300	(4,857,900)	-20.8%	



GENERAL FUND I

ADMINISTRATIVELY RESTRICTED FUND IX

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

Lane Commany	Conege			
General Fund	I Resources			
FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19 + Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSED -
			RESOURCES	
13,892,377	13,812,456	6,809,400	Beginning Fund Balance	7,503,300 + Budgeted at current projection
31,421,392	27,230,149	24,311,400	State Support	23,500,000
18,013,793	18,746,752	19,796,400	Property Taxes	20,500,000
			Tuition & Fees:	
23,680,374	23,362,340	25,453,000	Tuition	25,653,300
2,902,889	3,113,547	4,402,800	Student Fees	3,411,250 - Adj. to reflect current enrollment projections
			Other Sources:	
799,168	906,448	1,035,000	Sale of Goods and Services	852,000 - Adj. to reflect current enrollment projections
1,889,725	1,985,148	1,975,000	Administrative Recovery	4,270,000 + Acctg. change; inc. in grant and international
826,390	811,423	865,400	Other Fees & Charges	455,720 - Adj. to reflect current activity
910,222	985,974	1,634,800	Other Revenue	1,736,478
80,443,955	77,141,781	79,473,800	Total Revenues	80,378,748
			Transfers In:	
-	12,000	-	Transfer In Internal Services Fund II	-
9,232	35,951	440,000	Transfer In Capital Projects Fund IV	 One time fund transfers FY18
225,379	198,770	50,000	Transfer In Financial Aid Fund V	50,000
301,668	-	-	Transfer In Enterprise Fund VI	15,000
-	-	4,000	Transfer In Special Revenue Fund VIII	4,000
47		1,046,000	Transfer In Administratively Restricted IX	860,000 - One time fund transfers FY18
536,326	246,721	1,540,000	Total Transfers In	929,000
94,872,657	91,200,958	87,823,200	TOTAL RESOURCES	88,811,048

Lane Co	mmunity	/ Coll	ege
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General Fund	I Requiremen	ts			
FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19 +	Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSED -	
			REQUIREMENTS		
			Instruction		
1,095,756	1,077,371	1,069,149	Academic Learning Skills	1,047,209	
1,512,489	1,559,597	1,585,608	Adult Basic & Secondary Education	1,493,532	
3,278,169	3,193,293	3,172,300	Advanced Technologies	3,196,713	
2,450,550	2,330,027	2,597,496	Art & Applied Design	2,797,697	
2,622,240	2,425,606	2,573,872	Business & Computer Information Technology	2,883,976 +	Additional faculty positions
1,351,633	1,381,772	1,237,478	Cooperative Education		Department reorganization
798,158	810,461	874,079	Culinary Arts & Hospitality	722,290 -	Department reorganization
1,340,460	1,421,099	1,258,179	English as a Second Language	1,271,560	
788,076	756,390	802,337	Extended Learning	857,181	
1,984,960	1,835,347	1,601,880	Health & Physical Education	1,460,771	
7,406,753	7,501,986	7,802,275	Health Professions	7,714,076	
253,682	192,483	116,862	Lane Community College at Cottage Grove	102,110 -	Materials & services reduction
564,727	576,787	556,690	Lane Community College at Florence	594,950	
4,808,312	5,146,057	5,232,489	Language, Literature & Communication	4,546,999 -	Faculty vacancies
3,617,901	3,843,217	3,701,757	Mathematics	3,564,472	
1,635,575	1,522,807	1,009,423	Music/Dance/Theatre Arts	1,035,162	
101,217	66,465	882,157	Non-Departmental	3,009,376 +	Budget for enroll growth; salary provision
3,996,295	4,195,641	4,006,647	Science	3,833,989	
3,188,587	3,609,426	3,286,780	Social Science	3,338,108	
127,359	115,249	186,816	Special Instructional Projects	166,800 -	Department reorganization
336,947	322,867	222,852	Student Success	332,668 +	Department reorganization
180,637	176,439	184,094	Tutoring	182,581	
81,843	442		Workforce Development		
43,522,325	44,060,829	43,961,220	Total Instruction	44,152,220	

Continued-

General Fun	d I Requireme	nts			
FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19	+ Explanation of changes in budget of > 109
ACTUAL	ACTUAL ACTUAL BUDGET		Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSED	- Explanation of changes in budget of > 107
			Instructional Support		
1,361,118	1,376,909	1,347,417	Academic & Student Affairs Office	1,293,162	
814,881	960,254	918,455	Academic Technology	906,714	
327,883	340,978	361,743	Faculty Professional Development	350,109	
267,005	257,344	-	Grant Coordination	-	
335,698	341,563	468,906	High School Connections	471,100	
505,348	562,026	656,259	Information Technology	655,985	
-	-	-	Institutional Research, Assessment & Planning	56,113	+ Acctg. change
1,211,718	1,268,491	1,322,435	Library	1,257,019	
-	3,816	-	Non-Departmental	-	
2,527	-	-	Professional & Organizational Development	-	
401,699	257,416	1,212,073	Special Instructional Projects	1,220,507	_
5,227,879	5,368,796	6,287,288	Total Instructional Support	6,210,709	
			Student Services		
-	735,671	885,827	Athletics	877,051	
615,526	730,687	747,077	Center for Accessible Resources	1,076,373	+ Additional staff positions
274,921	305,712	306,884	Conference & Culinary Services	171,326	- Acctg. change
94,341	104,991	147,266	High School Connections	-	- Department reorganization
1,512,943	1,442,100	1,371,385	New Student Transitions*	2,074,366	+ Department reorganization
22,860	14,409	484,598	Special Instructional Projects	-	- Department reorganization
1,199,227	1,039,519	982,278	Student Engagement*	2,062,133	+ Department reorganization
89,478	204,169	208,675	Student Standards *	209,733	
3,825,551	3,304,745	4,011,587	Student Success*	2,271,317	- Department reorganization
498,536	554,404	80,480	Workforce Development		 Department reorganization
8,133,383	8,436,407	9,226,057	Total Student Services	8,742,299	

* Student Affairs reorganization FY19

Continued-

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

General Fund	l I Requiremen	its			
FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	Description of Description and Descriptions	FY 2018-19	+ Evaluation of changes in hudget of \$ 100
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSED	 Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%
			College Support Services		
30,431	36,713	34,645	Archives & Records Management	39,397	+ Materials & services increase
36,184	31,435	28,300	Board of Education	28,300	
1,224,315	1,548,727	1,566,143	College Finance	1,306,439	- Staff vacancies
628,383	693,551	655,388	College Services	948,704	+ Department reorganization
204,252	243,314	246,570	Curriculum & Scheduling	158,403	- Staff vacancy
-	-	-	Employee Wellness	1,000	+ Department reorganization
345,687	488,895	442,400	Governance & Administration	442,400	
1,258,517	1,329,819	1,327,338	Human Resources	1,379,016	
4,181,756	3,908,850	3,446,408	Infrastructure Technology	3,511,950	
341,662	424,792	381,252	Institute for Sustainable Practices	311,988	- Employee reassignment
558,381	646,498	638,664	Institutional Research, Assessment & Planning	597,496	
593,144	615,847	684,000	Insurance - Property & Liability	684,000	
736,374	757,561	760,624	Lane Community College Foundation	787,819	
176,959	222,110	118,155	Mail Services	121,571	
582,298	426,173	620,136	Marketing & Public Relations	638,080	
4,598,023	4,891,601	457,316	Non-Departmental	761,500	+ Budget for enroll growth; capital outlay
(4,702,150)	(5,957,180)	-	Other Personnel Expenditures	-	
1,141,926	1,734,992	1,146,560	President's Office	1,281,687	+ Budget correction
134,006	182,969	189,000	Professional & Organizational Development	300,062	+ Additional staff position; acctg. change
1,496,195	1,551,361	1,359,024	Public Safety	1,335,650	
	-	57,831	Telephone Services	160,324	+ Additional staff position
13,566,340	13,778,025	14,159,754	Total College Support Services	14,795,786	
			Plant Operations & Maintenance		
6,251,757	5,884,198	6,240,709	Facilities Management & Planning	6,108,041	_
6,251,757	5,884,198	6,240,709	Total Plant Operations & Maintenance	6,108,041	-
			Contingency		
-	-	3,884,821	Projects/Provisions	2,620,000	- Change in budget authority
-		3,884,821	Total Contingency	2,620,000	

Continued-

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

FY 2015-16	d I Requiremen	FY 2017-18		FY 2018-19	
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSED	+ Explanation of changes in budget of > 105
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BODGET	Transform Out	PROPOSED	-
420.007		447 500	Transfers Out:		
428,037	446,980	117,500	To Internal Service Fund II	-	- Employee Wellness program moved to Func
138,674	112,489	141,051	To Debt Service III	746,893	+ Acctg. change
1,056,820	1,059,949	1,000,000	To Capital Projects Fund IV	2,500,000	+ Increased investment in Major Maintenanc
-	94,771	-	To Enterprise Fund VI	-	
2,734,986	1,307,916	339,000	To Administratively Restricted Fund IX	285,100	- Department reorganization
4,358,518	3,022,105	1,597,551	Total Transfers Out	3,531,993	-
			UEFB		
-	-	2,465,800	Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	2,650,000	
-	-	2,465,800	Total UEFB	2,650,000	-
			TOTAL REQUIREMENTS		
81,060,201	80,550,360	87,823,200		88,811,048	-
			SUMMARY		
94,872,657	91,200,958	87,823,200	Total Resources	88,811,048	
(81,060,201)	(80,550,359)	(87,823,200)	Less: Total Requirements	(88,811,048)	
13,812,456	10,650,599		RESOURCES OVER-(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-
13,812,456	10,650,599	_	ENDING FUND BALANCE	_	

General Fund Requirements by Expense Category

	FY 2018-19	Personnel	Materials	Capital	Transfers	Debt	
	PROPOSED	Services	& Services	Outlay	Out	Service	Contingency
Instruction							
Academic Learning Skills	1,047,209	1,032,409	14,800	-	-	-	
Adult Basic & Secondary Education	1,493,532	1,453,832	39,700	-	-	-	
Advanced Technologies	3,196,713	2,802,686	394,027	-	-	-	
Art & Applied Design	2,797,697	2,629,717	167,980	-	-	-	
Business & Computer Information Technology	2,883,976	2,806,076	77,900	-	-	-	
Culinary Arts & Hospitality	722,290	609,290	113,000	-	-	-	
English as a Second Language	1,271,560	1,243,310	28,250	-	-	-	
Extended Learning	857,181	816,181	41,000	-	-	-	
Flight Technology	120,000	-	-	-	120,000	-	
Health & Physical Education	1,460,771	1,328,791	131,980	-	-	-	
Health Professions	7,714,076	6,744,972	969,104	-	-	-	
Lane Community College at Cottage Grove	102,110	86,110	16,000	-	-	-	
Lane Community College at Florence	594,950	567,110	27,840	-	-	-	
Language, Literature & Communication	4,546,999	4,477,979	69,020	-	-	-	
Mathematics	3,564,472	3,516,352	48,120	-	-	-	
Music/Dance/Theatre Arts	1,035,162	923,288	111,874	-	-	-	
Non-Departmental	3,009,376	3,009,376	-	-	-	-	
Science	3,833,989	3,718,714	115,275	-	-	-	
Social Science	3,338,108	3,296,408	41,700	-	-	-	
Special Instructional Projects	166,800	166,800	-	-	-	-	
Student Success	332,668	332,668	-	-	-	-	
Tutoring	182,581	175,581	7,000	-	-	-	
Total Instruction	44,272,220	41,737,650	2,414,570	-	120,000	-	

Continued

General Fund Requirements by Expense Category

	FY 2018-19	Personnel	Materials	Capital	Transfers	Debt	
	PROPOSED	Services	& Services	Outlay	Out	Service	Contingency
Instructional Support							
Academic & Student Affairs Office	1,293,162	1,168,662	124,500	-	-	-	
Academic Technology	906,714	859,314	47,400	-	-	-	
aculty Professional Development	350,109	-	350,109	-	-	-	
ligh School Connections	471,100	432,300	38,800	-	-	-	
nformation Technology	655,985	655,985	-	-	-	-	
nstitutional Research, Assessment & Planning	56,113	56,113	-	-	-	-	
ibrary	1,257,019	1,144,619	112,400	-	-	-	
pecial Instructional Projects	1,220,507	481,157	739,350	-	-	-	
Total Instructional Support	6,210,709	4,798,150	1,412,559	-	-	-	
Student Services							
Student Services							
hthletics	877,051	601,651	275,400	-	-	-	
Center for Accessible Resources	1,076,373	978,373	98,000	-	-	-	
Child & Family Education	88,000	-	-	-	88,000	-	
Conference & Culinary Services	171,326	171,326	-	-	-	-	
	2,074,366	1,960,966	113,400	-	-	-	
New Student Transitions	2,074,300	1,500,500	,				
New Student Transitions Student Engagement	2,062,133	1,935,033	127,100	-	-	-	
itudent Engagement				-	-	-	
tudent Engagement tudent Standards	2,062,133	1,935,033	127,100	-	- -	- -	
itudent Engagement itudent Standards	2,062,133 209,733	1,935,033 206,733	127,100 3,000	- - -	- - - 88,000	- - - -	
Student Engagement Student Standards Student Success Total Student Services	2,062,133 209,733 2,271,317	1,935,033 206,733 2,170,573	127,100 3,000 100,744	- - -	- - - 88,000	- - -	
itudent Engagement itudent Standards itudent Success	2,062,133 209,733 2,271,317	1,935,033 206,733 2,170,573	127,100 3,000 100,744		- - - 88,000 77,100		

Continued

General Fund Requirements by Expense Category

	FY 2018-19	Personnel	Materials	Capital	Transfers	Debt	
	PROPOSED	Services	& Services	Outlay	Out	Service	Contingency
College Support Services							
Archives & Records Management	39,397	32,097	7,300	-	-	-	
Board of Education	28,300	-	28,300	-	-	-	
College Finance	2,053,332	1,055,659	250,780	-	746,893	-	
College Services	948,704	863,104	85,600	-	-	-	
Curriculum & Scheduling	158,403	157,803	600	-	-	-	
Employee Wellness	1,000	-	1,000	-	-	-	
Governance & Administration	442,400	-	442,400	-	-	-	
Human Resources	1,379,016	1,271,616	107,400	-	-	-	
Infrastructure Technology	3,511,950	2,752,800	688,650	70,500	-	-	
Institute for Sustainable Practices	311,988	224,788	87,200	-	-	-	
Institutional Research, Assessment & Planning	597,496	574,996	22,500	-	-	-	
Insurance - Property & Liability	684,000	-	684,000	-	-	-	
ane Community College Foundation	787,819	787,819	-	-	-	-	
Mail Services	121,571	112,771	8,800	-	-	-	
Marketing & Public Relations	638,080	261,880	376,200	-	-	-	
Non-Departmental	761,500	208,500	378,000	175,000	-	-	
President's Office	1,281,687	1,131,287	150,400	-	-	-	
Professional & Organizational Development	300,062	71,062	229,000	-	-	-	
Public Safety	1,335,650	1,177,650	158,000	-	-	-	
Telephone Services	160,324	160,324	-	-	-	-	
Total College Support Services	15,542,679	10,844,156	3,706,130	245,500	746,893	-	
Plant Operations & Maintenance							
Facilities Management & Planning	8,608,041	3,483,941	2,624,100	-	2,500,000	-	
Total Plant Operations & Maintenance	8,608,041	3,483,941	2,624,100	-	2,500,000	-	
Contingency							
Projects/Provisions	2,620,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,620,000
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance (UEFB)	2,650,000	-		-	-		2,650,000
Total Contingency	5,270,000	-	-	-	-	-	5,270,000
Total General Fund Requirements	88,811,048	68,888,552	10,875,003	245,500	3,531,993	-	5,270,000

ely Restricted	Fund IX			
- /				
FY 2016-17 ACTUAL	FY 2017-18 BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19 PROPOSED	+ Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%
7,723,683	8,771,773	Beginning Fund Balance	7,160,000	- Budgeted at current projection
31,770	30,000	Federal Support Tuition & Fees:	30,000	
367,738	455,000	Tuition	240,000	- Energy management program moved to grant
4,566,904	6,643,460	Student Fees	6,987,400	
1,699,730	1,943,863	Other Fees & Charges	1,689,510	- Acctg. change
2,031,221	1,814,228	Sale of Goods and Services	1,994,000	
260,670	1,631,970	Other Revenue	1,119,010	 Energy management; KLCC
8,958,033	12,518,521	Total Revenues	12,059,920	
		Transfers In:		
1,307,916	339,000	Transfer In General Fund I	285,100	- Department reorganization
4,500	25,000	Transfer In Internal Services Fund II	-	- Acctg. change
-	-	Transfer In Enterprise Fund VI	10,000	+ International funding for student employment
1,312,416	364,000	Total Transfers In	295,100	
17,994,132	21,654,294	TOTAL RESOURCES	19,515,020	-
-	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL 7,723,683 31,770 367,738 4,566,904 1,699,730 2,031,221 260,670 8,958,033 1,307,916 4,500 - 1,312,416	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL FY 2017-18 BUDGET 7,723,683 8,771,773 31,770 30,000 367,738 455,000 4,566,904 6,643,460 1,699,730 1,943,863 2,031,221 1,814,228 260,670 1,631,970 8,958,033 12,518,521 1,307,916 339,000 4,500 25,000 - - 1,312,416 364,000	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL FY 2017-18 BUDGET Description of Resources and Requirements 7,723,683 8,771,773 Beginning Fund Balance 31,770 30,000 Federal Support Tuition & Fees: 367,738 455,000 Tuition 4,566,904 6,643,460 Student Fees 1,699,730 1,943,863 Other Fees & Charges 2,031,221 1,814,228 Sale of Goods and Services 260,670 1,631,970 Other Revenue 8,958,033 12,518,521 Total Revenues 1,307,916 339,000 Transfer In General Fund I 4,500 25,000 Transfer In Internal Services Fund II - - - Total Transfers In	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL FY 2017-18 BUDGET Description of Resources and Requirements FY 2018-19 PROPOSED 7,723,683 8,771,773 Beginning Fund Balance 7,160,000 31,770 30,000 Federal Support Tuition & Fees: 30,000 367,738 455,000 Tuition 240,000 4,566,904 6,643,460 Student Fees 6,987,400 1,699,730 1,943,863 Other Fees & Charges 1,689,510 2,031,221 1,814,228 Sale of Goods and Services 1,994,000 260,670 1,631,970 Other Revenue 1,119,010 8,958,033 12,518,521 Total Revenues 12,059,920 1,307,916 339,000 Transfer In General Fund I 285,100 - - - Transfer In Internal Services Fund II - - - - Transfer In Enterprise Fund VI 10,000 1,312,416 364,000 Total Transfers In 295,100

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

Administrativ	vely Restricted	Fund IX - Doc	miromonte		
FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	•	FY 2018-19	+
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSED	Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%
			REQUIREMENTS		
			Instruction		
371,910	-	-	Child Development Center	-	
1,162,784	1,113,781	1,347,750	Extended Learning	1,590,000	+ Increased activity
1,040,692	1,058,757	1,242,925	Flight Technology	1,299,201	·
526,686	453,218	600,925	Institute for Sustainable Practices	-	 Energy Management Prg grant funded FY19
1,446,697	1,224,228	1,208,582	Specialized Support Services	1,252,000	
2,364	10,844	18,190	Student Restaurant	15,000	 Budget based on current projections
311,270	299,195	1,701,818	Technology Fee	1,801,943	
4,862,401	4,160,023	6,120,190	Total Instruction	5,958,144	-
			Instructional Support		
-	83,921	513,285	Academic Technology	415,000	- Acctg. change
90,266	81,903	-	Regional Technical Education Consortium	-	
15,256	35,320	-	Special Instruction Projects	-	
487,559	473,052	229,353	Technology Fee	178,570	- Staff vacancy
593,082	674,196	742,638	Total Instructional Support	593,570	-
			Student Services		
626,624	111,012	-	Athletics*	-	
841,818	577,724	799,307	Child Development Center	833,200	
1,025,817	951,620	1,263,166	Health Clinic	1,199,000	
606,709	572,254	577,070	Student Engagement	582,380	
21,067	20,558	10,679	Student Productions Association	13,500	+ Based on current enrollment projections
30,160	19,221	-	Technology Fee	-	
177,352	175,571	57,894	The Torch	73,400	+ Student activity fee increase
3,329,548	2,427,960	2,708,116	Total Student Services	2,701,480	-

* Athletics moved to General Fund FY18 Continued

Earle Community	Conce				2010 2013 11000300 000500
Administrativ	ely Restricted	Fund IX - Req	uirements		
FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19	 Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSED	-
			Community Services		
1,788,071	1,950,350	2,079,140	KLCC FM Operations	2,118,100	
1,788,071	1,950,350	2,079,140	Total Community Services	2,118,100	
			College Support Services		
45,340	-	-	Specal Instruction Projects (CCWD)	-	
358,350	415,407	152,829	Technology Fee	163,487	
651,492	659,444	824,500	Transportation	593,940	 Completion of bike lane project
1,055,182	1,074,852	977,329	Total College Support Services	757,427	
			Transfers Out:		
47	-	1,046,000	To General Fund I	860,000	 One time fund transfers FY18
27,315	28,504	27,315	To Debt Service III	13,799	 Payment reduced due to plane sale
212,959	215,475	202,793	To Capital Projects Fund IV	212,500	
240,321	243,979	1,276,108	Total Transfers Out	1,086,299	
			Contingency		
		7,750,773	Projects/Provisions	6,300,000	 Based upon fund balance estimate
-	-	7,750,773	Total Contingency	6,300,000	
11,868,604	10,531,359	21,654,294	TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	19,515,020	
7,723,988	7,462,773	-	ENDING FUND BALANCE	-	
			SUMMARY		
19,592,592	17,994,132	21,654,294	Total Resources	19,515,020	
(11,868,604)	(10,531,359)	(21,654,294)	Less: Total Requirements	(19,515,020)	
7,723,988	7,462,773	-	RESOURCES OVER-(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		
.,. ==,= 00	.,				



DEBT FUND III AND

CAPITAL FUND IV

Long Term Debt Obligations

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and, for the payment of general long term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Debt Service Fund III

FY 2015-16 ACTUAL	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL	FY 2017-18 BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19+PROPOSED-Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%
			RESOURCES	
1,912,867	842,423	200,000	Beginning Fund Balance	100,000 - Budgeted at current projection
5,987,843	6,851,438	7,276,300	Property Taxes	7,454,300
20,679,895	24,489,469	4,906,650	Other Revenue - PERS Bond	5,179,250
26,667,738	31,340,907	12,182,950	Total Revenues	12,633,550
			Transfers In	
138,674	112,489	141,051	Transfer In General Fund I	746,893 + Acctg. change
735,097	1,470,500	1,279,150	Transfer In Enterprise Fund VI	632,300 - Acctg. change
27,315	28,504	27,315	Transfer In Administratively Restricted IX	13,799 Acctg. change
901,086	1,611,493	1,447,516	Total Transfers In	1,392,992
29,481,690	33,794,822	13,830,466	TOTAL RESOURCES	14,126,542
			REQUIREMENTS	
28,639,267	33,266,742	13,830,466	Debt Service	14,126,542
28,639,267	33,266,742	13,830,466	TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	14,126,542
842,423	528,080	-	ENDING FUND BALANCE	
			SUMMARY	
29,481,690	33,794,822	13,830,466	Total Resources	14,126,542
(28,639,267)	(33,266,742)	(13,830,466)	Less: Total Requirements	(14,126,542)
842,423	528,080	-	RESOURCES OVER-(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-

Obligation to Pay

Debt incurred by a community college district becomes the obligation of such community college district to pay. In the case that a community college district no longer has students and no longer provides educational services, it is still required to levy and collect property taxes, up to its operating tax rate limit. Article XI, Section 11b (often called "Measure 5") limits Educational Taxes to \$5 per \$1,000 of the Taxable Real Market Value of a property.

Debt Limitation

General Obligation Bonds. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 341.675 establishes a parameter of general obligation bonded indebtedness for community college districts. Community colleges may issue an aggregate principal amount up to 1.5 percent of Real Market Value (RMV) of all taxable properties within the district if the District's voters approve the general obligation bonds. General obligation bonds are secured by the power to levy an additional tax outside the limitations of Article XI, Sections 11 and 11b.

			14	
Measure 5 Real Market Value (Fiscal Year 2017)	2017) \$ 50,829,563,212			
Debt Capacity				
General Obligation Debt Capacity (1.5% of RMV)	\$	762,443,448		
Less: Outstanding Debt Subject to Limit		(47,980,000)	(2	
Remaining General Obligation Debt Capacity	Capacity \$ 714,463,44			
Percent of Capacity Issued		6.29%		

Lane Community College General Obligation Debt Capacity

(1) The District's fiscal Year commences July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year (the "Fiscal Year"). Source: Lane, Linn, Benton and Douglas Counties Department of Assessment and Taxation.

(2) Represents voter-approved, unlimited-tax general obligations of the District. Source: Lane Community College Audited Financial Reports for the Fiscal Year Ended June, 30, 2017.

Full Faith and Credit Obligations/Limited Tax Obligations. Community colleges may pledge their full faith and credit for "limited tax bonded indebtedness" or "full faith and credit obligations" in addition to pledging the full faith and credit for voter approved general obligation bonds. The Oregon Constitution and statutes do not limit the amount of limited tax bonded indebtedness that a community college may issue. Full faith and credit obligations can take the form of certificates of participation, notes or capital leases. Collection of property taxes to pay principal and interest on such limited-tax debt is subject to limitations of Article XI, Sections 11 and 11b.

Pension Bonds. ORS 238.694 authorizes community colleges to issue full faith and credit obligations to pay pension liabilities without limitations as to principal amount. Pension bonds are not general obligation as defined under State law and the District is not authorized to levy additional taxes to make pension bond payments.

Revenue Bonds. The district may issue revenue bonds for any public purpose, which are secured by revenues pursuant to ORS 287A.150. Subject to any applicable limitations imposed by the Oregon Constitution or laws of the state or resolution of an individual community college, ORS 287A.180 provides that the District may borrow money in anticipation of tax revenues or other monies and provide interim financing.

Outstanding Long-Term Debt

Flight Technology

In September 2013, the College executed promissory notes for the purchase of two aircraft totaling \$230,000 for the Flight Technology Program. The benefits of these airplanes are lower fuel costs, high reliability, low down-time and industry standard equipment that better prepare students for the equipment they will be using after graduation. The notes are payable in monthly installments with interest at 3.685% and 3.2951% per annum, debt service for this loan is to be paid by an interfund transfer from Fund IX so there is no impact on the General Fund. The loan will be fully paid September 15, 2023.

Flight Technology	Principal	Interest	Total
2018-2019	23,154	4,162	27,316
2019-2024	105,581	7,107	112,688
Total Flight Technology	128,735	11,269	140,004

Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds

In October 2012, the College issued \$1,500,000 of Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds to finance capital costs for energy conservation measures. The bonds are due annually and interest is payable semi-annually, on June 15 and December 15, with interest at 4.62% per annum. The bonds qualify for interest subsidy payments from the U.S. Treasury for up to 70% of the interest payments on the bonds. This note will be fully paid in 2027.

Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds	Principal	Interest	Total
2018-2019	95,000	46,893	141,893
2019-2027	920,000	201,894	1,121,894
Total Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds	1,015,000	248,787	1,263,787

General Obligation Bonds

On November 4, 2008 voters approved authority for the College to issue \$83 million in general obligation bonds to be used to renovate outdated infrastructure and instructional technology. In June 2009, the College issued Series 2009 General Obligation Bonds in the original amount of \$45 million and in August 2012, the College issued \$38 million in Series 2012 General Obligation Bonds. These general obligation bonds were issued to finance the costs of capital construction and improvements to College facilities and to pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds. The bonds will be retired from property taxes levied by the College. The Bonds are due annually and interest is payable semi-annually, on June 15 and December 15, with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% on the Series 2009 Bonds and 3.0% to 5.0% on the Series 2012 Bonds.

In June 2016, the College issued Series 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$14,135,000. These bonds were used to extinguish \$14,630,000 of outstanding Series 2009 General Obligation Bonds through an in-substance defeasance. The in-substance defeasance was accomplished by placing a portion of the proceeds of the Series 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in an irrevocable trust from which principal and interest payments will be made on the defeased debt. The excess of the reacquisition price of the defeased debt over its carrying value was deferred and is being amortized over the term of the Series 2009 bonds. At June 30, 2017, \$14,630,000 in Series 2009 bonds were outstanding and considered defeased.

	Series 2009 Bonds		Series 2012 Bonds		Series 2016 Bonds		
General Obligation Bonds	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2018-2019	1,205,000	50,700	4,575,000	1,176,900	-	546,700	7,554,300
2019-2024	-	-	22,595,000	3,009,275	14,135,000	1,957,300	41,696,575
Total General Obligation Bonds	1,205,000	50,700	27,170,000	4,186,175	14,135,000	2,504,000	49,250,875

Full Faith & Credit Obligations

In October 2016, the College issued \$17,580,000 of Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2016 to extinguish the remaining \$19,355,000 of Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2010 (previously termed "Recovery Zone Bonds). The Series 2010 Obligations were used to finance the costs of capital improvements for the College's student housing project, to pay capitalized interest and to pay the costs of issuance of the Obligations. The Series 2010 Obligations were called on October 25, 2016

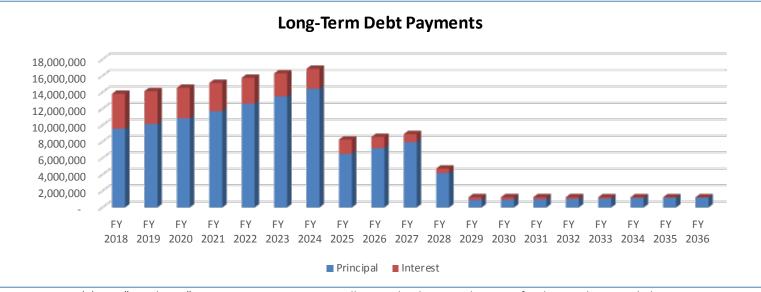
The College advance refunded the Series 2010 Obligations to take advantage of lower interest rates and to reduce its total debt service payments over the life of the Series 2016 Obligations by \$3,171,550. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$2,554,977. The Series 2016 Obligations bear interest rates from 1.6% to 5% and the final maturity is on December 1, 2035. Debt service payments are scheduled semiannually.

Full Faith & Credit Obligations	Principal	Interest	Total
2018-2019	635,000	632,300	1,267,300
2019-2036	15,395,000	5,831,900	21,226,900
Total Full Faith & Credit Obligations	16,030,000	6,464,200	22,494,200

Pension Obligation Bonds

In April 2003, the College issued \$51,803,948 of Limited Tax Pension Obligation Bonds and transferred the net proceeds to the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System to cover a portion of the College's share of the cost sharing plan's unfunded actuarial liability. The resulting pension asset is being used to pay a portion of the college's annual required contribution. Principal payments are due annually through June 30, 2028 and interest is payable in December and June of each year with rates ranging from 5.91% to 6.25%.

	Pension Obligation E	Bonds	Pr	incipal	Interest	Total
	2018-2019			3,620,000	1,529,250	5,149,250
	2019-2028		4	4,235,000	10,576,654	54,811,654
	Total Pension Obliga	tion Bonds	4	7,855,000	12,105,904	59,960,904
	Less Deferred Interes	t	(4,748,713)		
	Carrying Amount 201	.6-2017	4	3,106,287		
Total Debt Service						
Debt Service		Principal	Interest	Total		
2018-2019		10,153,154	3,986,905	14,140,0)59	
2019-2036		98,020,581	21,584,130	118,969,7	/11	
Total Debt Service		108,173,735	25,571,035	133,109,7	70	
Less Deferred Interest		(4,748,713)				
		103,425,022				



(1) FY="Fiscal Year". Source: Lane Community College Audited Financial Reports for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Lane Community College

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

Capital Projec	ts Fund IV				
FY 2015-16 ACTUAL	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL	FY 2017-18 BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19 PROPOSED	 Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%
			RESOURCES		
10,606,025	4,637,219	4,900,000	Beginning Fund Balance	1,108,000	- Budgeted at current projection
7,600,000	298,122	1,388,576	State Support	-	- Winding down \$83 million bond
547,890	255,216	-	Other Fees & Charges	246,000	+ Pledge A/R from Foundation; facility rentals
319,713	110,822		Other Revenue		
8,467,603	664,160	1,388,576	Total Revenues Transfers In	246,000	
1,056,820	1,059,949	1,000,000	Transfer In General Fund I	2,500,000	+ Increased funding for major maintenance
212,959	215,475	202,793	Transfer In Administratively Restricted IX	212,500	
1,269,779	1,275,424	1,202,793	Total Transfers In	2,712,500	
20,343,407	6,576,803	7,491,369	TOTAL RESOURCES	4,066,500	
			REQUIREMENTS		
15,673,586	2,475,913	7,051,369	Capital Projects Capital Projects	4 066 500	- Winding down \$83 million bond
15,673,586	2,475,913	7,051,369	Total Capital Projects	4,066,500	-
13,073,380	2,473,913	7,031,309	Total Capital Projects	4,000,300	-
			Contingency		
-			Projects/Provisions		
-	-	-	Total Contingency	-	
			Transfers Out		
9,232	35,951	440,000	To General Fund I		 One-time FY18 funding
23,370	-	-	To Administratively Restricted Fund IX		
32,602	35,951	440,000	Total Transfers Out	-	
15,706,188	2,511,864	7,491,369	TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	4,066,500	
4,637,219	4,064,939		ENDING FUND BALANCE		
			SUMMARY		
20,343,407	6,576,803	7,491,369	Total Resources	4,066,500	
(15,706,188)	(2,511,864)	(7,491,369)	Less: Total Requirements	(4,066,500)	
4,637,219	4,064,939	-	RESOURCES OVER-(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	

Capital Budget

What is a Capital Project?

A Capital Project is defined as an activity that creates, improves, replaces, repairs, or maintains a capital asset and results in a permanent addition to the college's asset inventory. Capital Projects are accomplished through one or more of the following actions:

- Rehabilitation, reconstruction or renovation of an existing facility to a condition which extends its useful life or increases its usefulness or capacity;
- Acquisition of property; or
- Construction of new facilities.

Capital Projects are generally large-scale endeavors in terms of cost, size and benefit to the community. They involve non-recurring expenditures or capital outlays from a variety of specifically identified funding sources, which do not duplicate normal maintenance activities funded by the operating budget.

What is a Capital Purchase?

A Capital Purchase is equipment, books and publications, or software with a useful life exceeding two years and an individual cost equal to or above the following thresholds:

- 1. At the threshold set forth in applicable regulations or grantor requirements, when the assets are acquired with grant or contract funds, but not at a higher threshold than 2, below.
- 2. At \$10,000 when the owner of the asset(s) is Lane Community College at the time of purchase or construction. (COPPS, Purchases: Capital Equipment.)

Rehabilitation and Preservation of Existing Capital Assets

As an asset ages, it requires preservation to protect or extend its useful life. In addition, reconstruction costs are frequently four to five times the cost of preservation and maintenance. For that reason, major maintenance funding transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund reflects board policy:

• Assure that plant and equipment are not subjected to improper wear and tear or insufficient maintenance. (Board Policy 205).

Impact of Capital Projects on Marginal Operating Costs

Generally, projects that create new capital facilities or increase capacity will have associated long-term operating, preservation, and maintenance costs. The Leadership in Educational Facilities (APPA) professional association recommends the following formula to budget operating costs for new buildings:

- Annual maintenance costs are 2% of the construction cost.
- Custodial Services at a cost of \$1.95/square foot. LCC expended 1.11/ft.² Custodial Services in FY17.
- Plan for utility costs for the new building(s). LCC expended \$.99/ft.² on utilities in FY17.
- If applicable, plan for grounds cost per acre.

What is Deferred Maintenance?

Deferred maintenance is previously unfunded major maintenance or capital projects. By deferring maintenance or capital renewal, the risk of facility or capital failure increases.

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What are Lane Community College's Deferred Maintenance Needs?

In 2017, LCC completed a Facilities Conditions Assessment (FCA), which assessed LCC's 34 buildings (1,352,956 ft.²). The assessment reviewed the following facilities systems:

- Accessibility •
 - Exterior Systems (roofs, windows, siding, etc.)
- Interior Finishes ٠ Plumbing
- HVAC

- Elevators •
- Fire/Life Safety

- Electrical •
- Site •
- Health

The assessment outlined 10 years of deferred maintenance needs for the college, as outlined in Table 1 below. The non-recurring items are one-time upgrades to address non-wear improvements. Deferred renewal items are at or beyond their useful life.

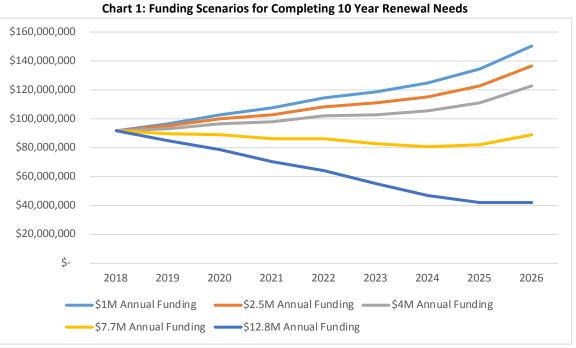
	labi	e 1: 10-year	kenewal N	eeds from	2017 Facil	ities Cond	itions Asse	ssment (Ş	n willions	5)		
System	Non-	Deferred	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	10 Yr.
	Recurring	Renewal										Needs
Accessibility	4.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 4.5
Exterior												
System	2.60	3.70	7.20	.18	1.40	.20	.20	.20	.14	.20	.20	\$ 16.2
Interior												
Finishes	.40	2.30	4.20	.18	.50	.02	1.80	.30	1.50	.50	.90	\$ 12.6
Plumbing	.002	.15	.20	.02	.02	.005	-	.003	.02	.03	.14	\$.60
HVAC	.01	25	2	.90	.30	.60	-	-	.19	.60	2	\$ 31.6
Fire/Life Safety	2.60	.40	.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	.02	.20	\$ 3.50
Electrical	.60	6.40	.01	.003	.70	.20	1.30	-	.07	3.50	5.20	\$ 18.0
Site	-	-	-	.04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$.04
Elevators	-	.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.20	\$.55
Health	.22	.13	.01	.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$.46
Total (millions)	11.0	38.0	14.0	1.40	3.0	1.0	3.0	.50	2.0	5.0	9.0	\$ 88M

Table 1, 10 year Denoused Needs from 2017 Facilities Conditions Assessment (\$ in Millions)

Although the facilities conditions assessment was comprehensive, there are additional deferred maintenance expenses not included in the review. The following systems are in need of maintenance, with an estimated cost of \$21.3M:

- Seismic •
- Parking Lot
- Concrete repairs
- Waste Water Treatment Plant
- Information Technology

The APPA recommends funding annual capital renewal at 1.5% – 2.5% of current replacement value. LCC's proposed FY19 capital budget is \$2.5M, or 0.49% of current replacement value. The chart on page 58 shows funding scenarios for satisfying 10 Year Renewal Needs.



Lane Community College Capital Budget – All Funds & All Sources

Fund	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Budget	FY 2019 Proposed
General Fund	\$ 305,628	\$ 326,727	\$ 207,453	\$ 178,588	\$ 611,234	\$ 883,782	\$ 173,800	\$ 245,500
Admin. Restricted	334,297	71,272	112,755	125,705	34,511	323,476	349,063	160,404
Internal Service	82,809	129,162	-	-	29,195	100,000	25,000	-
Capital Fund ⁴	50,250,992	17,793,321	9,949,725	23,979,817	15,673,586	9,661,608	7,491,369	4,066,500
Enterprise	229,176	69,869	45,598	300,125	29,129	30,000	20,000	-
Special Revenue	555,635	815,524	76,924	154,351	256,915	250,000	250,000	250,000
Total	\$ 51,758,537	\$ 19,205,875	\$ 10,392,455	\$ 24,738,586	\$ 16,634,570	\$ 11,248,866	\$ 8,309,232	\$ 4,722,404

Table 2: LCC Capital Budget – All Funds & All Sources

⁴ The Capital Fund budget is declining as LCC is finishing projects tied to the \$83M bond, which Lane County voters passed in 2008.

Capital Renewal Plan, Differing Funding Levels

For the FY19 Proposed Budget, Lane Community College proposes a \$4.7M (table 2 on page 58) budget for capital projects and purchases. Of the total proposed budget, \$4.1M is in the Capital Fund and \$2.5M is allocated for major maintenance. The scenarios outlined in Table 3 outline capital renewal projects under varying funding scenarios.

At a \$2.5M funding level, the Facilities Management & Planning Team will initiate ADA parking lot improvements as mandated by the Office of Civil Rights, a new roof and corresponding OSHA mandated roof tie offs are planned for Building 16, and reserve some funds for unplanned expenditures. For example, typical unplanned expenditures include water damage from roof leaks, pipe failures, HVAC and electrical equipment. At this funding level, the differed maintenance list will increase as funding is not available for other necessary projects.

The \$4M scenario drastically increases the project list. At this funding level, nearly all the capital projects included in Table 3 are funded. As the roof on Building 1 will reach its lifespan in 2020, it is not included in this funding scenario. In addition, only the degrading handrail west of building 18 is removed from the plan. The \$5M funding scenario includes all the projects listed in table 3. This scenario addresses the building 1 roof prior to 2020.

Funding Scenarios											
Project	\$5M	\$4M	\$2.5M	\$1M	Notes						
ADA Parking Lot Improvements	✓	✓	✓	✓	Mandated by the Office of Civil Rights						
Roof Tie Offs, Bldgs. 24-27	\checkmark	✓		\checkmark	OSHA mandated and departmental goal						
Roof Tie Offs, Bldg. 16	\checkmark	✓	✓		OSHA mandated and departmental goal						
Bldg. 16 Roof replacement	\checkmark	✓	✓		Far past life span and is leaking						
Bldg. 1 Roof	\checkmark				Will reach rated lifespan in 2020, severely degraded and leaking						
Bldg. 1 Carpet	\checkmark	✓			Replace all 18 year old carpet						
Bldg. 16 Carpet	√	✓			Replace all 18 year old carpet						
Bldg. 16 Interior Paint	\checkmark	✓									
Remove exterior beams around bldgs. 9,10, & 12	\checkmark	✓			Beams are degrading						
Remove broken stairway west of bldg. 18	\checkmark	✓									
Bldgs. 2, 11, & 18 – exterior handrail removal	\checkmark				Remove and replace handrail						
Remove Bldg. 18 exterior handrail (only)		✓									
Pressure wash campus exterior	\checkmark	✓									
Add ADA restroom to Bldg. 3, first floor	✓	✓									
Wayfinding signage updates	√	✓									
Unplanned	√	✓	✓	√							

Table 3: FY19 Capital Renewable Plan at Differing Funding Levels



INTERNAL SERVICE FUND II FINANCIAL AID FUND V ENTERPRISE FUND VI SPECIAL REVENUE FUND VIII

ternal Servi				I	
FY 2015-16 ACTUAL	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL	FY 2017-18 BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19 PROPOSED	+ Explanation of changes in budget of > 1 -
			RESOURCES		
425,051	401,669	401,670	Beginning Fund Balance	400,000	
901,382	876,567	1,225,000	Sale of Goods and Services	1,025,000	- Reduction based upon current activity
1,343	645	2,000	Student Fees	-	- Department reorganization
25,499	29,501	30,000	Other Fees & Charges	30,000	
17,349	23,782	15,000	Other Revenue	15,000	
945,574	930,495	1,272,000	Total Revenues	1,070,000	
			Transfers In		
428,037	446,980	117,500	Transfer In General Fund I	-	- Department reorganization
428,037	446,980	117,500	Total Transfers In	-	
1,798,662	1,779,144	1,791,170	TOTAL RESOURCES	1,470,000	
			REQUIREMENTS		
			College Support Services		
134,509	140,176	69,500	Employee Wellness	-	- Department reorganization
27,000	-	-	LaneStarter	-	Acctg. change
6,375	12,646	30,000	Motor Pool	30,000	
841,444	683,141	995,000	Printing & Graphics and Warehouse	795,000	- Reduction based upon current activity
387,664	315,996	245,000	Telephone Services	245,000	
1,396,992	1,151,959	1,339,500	Total College Support Services	1,070,000	
			Contingency		
-	-	401,670	Projects/Provisions	400,000	
-	-	401,670	Total Contingency	400,000	
			Transfers Out:		
-	12,000	-	To General Fund I	-	
-	-	25,000	To Enterprise Fund VI	-	- Acctg. change
-	4,500	25,000	To Administratively Restricted Fund IX	-	- Acctg. change
-	16,500	50,000	Total Transfers Out	-	
1,396,992	1,168,459	1,791,170	TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	1,470,000	
401,669	610,686	-	ENDING FUND BALANCE	-	
			SUMMARY		
1,798,662	1,779,144	1,791,170	Total Resources	1,470,000	
(1,396,992)	(1,168,458)	(1,791,170)	Less: Total Requirements	(1,470,000)	
401,669	610,686	, , <u>, , , ,</u>	RESOURCES OVER-(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		

Lane Community	College		2018-2019 Proposed Budget				
Financial Aid	Fund V						
FY 2015-16 ACTUAL	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL	FY 2017-18 BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19 + PROPOSED -	Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%		
			RESOURCES				
2,633,759	2,072,590	2,286,500	Beginning Fund Balance	1,978,500 -	Budgeted at current projection		
3,420,695	5,253,688	6,900,000	State Support	6,900,000			
36,329,008	30,164,782	39,858,000	Federal Support	39,858,000			
			Other Sources:				
24,365	21,655	-	Administrative Recovery	-			
750,860	816,712	700,000	Other Fees & Charges	700,000			
2,346,644	2,341,266	2,590,000	Other Revenue	2,590,000			
42,871,572	38,598,103	50,048,000	Total Revenues	50,048,000			
			Transfers In:				
-	-	-	Transfer In General Fund I	-			
			Transfer In Administratively Restricted IX				
-	-	-	Total Transfers In	-			
45,505,331	40,670,693	52,334,500	TOTAL RESOURCES	52,026,500			
			REQUIREMENTS				
			Financial Aid				
43,207,362	38,810,888	50,315,500	Financial Aid	50,315,500			
43,207,362	38,810,888	50,315,500	Total Expenditures	50,315,500			
			Transfers Out:				
225,379	198,770	50,000	To General Fund I	50,000			
225,379	198,770	50,000	Total Transfers Out	50,000			
			Contingency				
		1,969,000	Projects/Provisions	1,661,000 -	Budgeted at current projection		
-	-	1,969,000	Total Contingency	1,661,000			
43,432,741	39,009,658	52,334,500	TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	52,026,500			
2,072,590	1,661,035		ENDING FUND BALANCE				
			SUMMARY				
45,505,331	40,670,693	52,334,500	Total Resources	52,026,500			
(43,432,741)	(39,009,658)	(52,334,500)	Less: Total Requirements	(52,026,500)			
2,072,590	1,661,035		RESOURCES OVER-(UNDER) EXPENDITURES				
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Lane Community	/ Col	leg	e
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Enterprise Fu	nd VI				
FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19	+ Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSED	- Explanation of changes in budget of > 10%
			RESOURCES		
7,731,770	7,039,141	7,039,141	Beginning Fund Balance	4,866,400	- Budgeted at current projection
			Tuition & Fees:		
2,427,741	2,496,700	2,500,000	Tuition	2,525,000	
700,783	694,904	734,000	Student Fees	740,550	
5,507,618	4,335,081	8,670,734	Sale of Goods and Services	6,750,000	- Enrollment decline
2,221,278	1,983,949	2,098,000	Downtown Housing Rents	2,098,000	
1,671,470	1,711,741	385,000	Other Fees & Charges	389,050	
12,528,890	11,222,375	14,387,734	Total Revenues	12,502,600	
			Transfers In		
-	94,771	-	Transfer In General Fund I	-	
-	-	25,000	Transfer In Internal Svs Fund II	-	- Acctg. change
-	94,771	25,000	Total Transfers In	-	
20,260,660	18,356,287	21,451,875	TOTAL RESOURCES	17,369,000	
			REQUIREMENTS		
			Instruction		
-	124,641	129,244	International Student Program	130,032	
-	124,641	129,244	Total Instruction	130,032	
			Student Services		
5,219,421	4,515,440	6,000,000	Bookstore	4,450,000	 Budgeted at current activity level
1,147,069	1,262,202	1,443,850	Downtown Housing	1,465,700	
1,315,416	1,105,272	1,229,360	Foodservices	900,000	 Budgeted at current activity level
1,545,449	1,650,286	1,441,374	Hospitality & Conference Services	1,400,000	
2,957,399	2,856,652	3,578,831	International Student Program	4,365,968	+ Acctg. change
12,184,754	11,389,851	13,693,415	Total Student Services	12,581,668	

Continued

Lane Commu	nity C	College	e
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2018-2019 Proposed Budget

nd VI					
FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19 + Explanation of changes in hudget of > 10	%	
ACTUAL	BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSED -	/0	
		Contingency			
-	6,350,066	Projects/Provisions	4,000,000 - Budgeted at current projection		
-	6,350,066	Total Contingency	4,000,000		
		Transfers Out:			
-	-	To General Fund I	15,000		
1,470,500	1,279,150	To General Fund I	632,300 - Acctg. change		
	-	To Administratively Restricted Fund IX	10,000		
1,470,500	1,279,150	Total Transfers Out	657,300		
		TOTAL REQUIREMENTS			
12,984,992	21,451,875		17,369,000		
5,371,295		ENDING FUND BALANCE			
SUMMARY					
18,356,287	21,451,875	Total Resources	17,369,000		
(12,984,992)	(21,451,875)	Less: Total Requirements	(17,369,000)		
5,371,295	-	RESOURCES OVER-(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-		
	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL - - 1,470,500 - 1,470,500 - 12,984,992 5,371,295 18,356,287 (12,984,992)	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL FY 2017-18 BUDGET - 6,350,066 - 6,350,066 - 6,350,066 - 6,350,066 - 6,350,066 - 6,350,066 - 6,350,066 - - 1,470,500 1,279,150 - - 1,470,500 1,279,150 - - 12,984,992 21,451,875 5,371,295 - 18,356,287 21,451,875 (12,984,992) (21,451,875) (21,451,875) (21,451,875)	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL FY 2017-18 BUDGET Description of Resources and Requirements - 6,350,066 Projects/Provisions - 6,350,066 Total Contingency - 6,350,066 Total Contingency - 6,350,066 Total Contingency - - To General Fund I 1,470,500 1,279,150 To General Fund I 1,470,500 1,279,150 Total Transfers Out 1,470,500 1,279,150 Total Transfers Out 1,470,500 1,279,150 Total Transfers Out 1,279,150 Total Transfers Out Total Transfers Out 1,470,500 1,279,150 Total Transfers Out 1,470,500 1,279,150 Total Transfers Out 12,984,992 21,451,875 ENDING FUND BALANCE 5,371,295 - ENDING FUND BALANCE 18,356,287 21,451,875 Total Resources (12,984,992) (21,451,875) Ess: Total Requirements	FY 2016-17 ACTUAL FY 2017-18 BUDGET Description of Resources and Requirements FY 2018-19 PROPOSED + Explanation of changes in budget of > 10 - 6,350,066 Projects/Provisions 4,000,000 - Budgeted at current projection - 6,350,066 Projects/Provisions 4,000,000 - Budgeted at current projection - 6,350,066 Total Contingency 4,000,000 - Budgeted at current projection - 6,350,066 Total Contingency 4,000,000 - Budgeted at current projection - - To General Fund I 15,000 - Acctg. change - - To General Fund I 10,000 - Acctg. change - - Total Transfers Out 657,300 - Acctg. change 12,984,992 21,451,875 Total REQUIREMENTS 17,369,000 - 5,371,295 - ENDING FUND BALANCE - - 18,356,287 21,451,875 Total Resources 17,369,000 (17,369,000) (12,984,992)	

Special Reven	ue Fund VIII				
FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	Description of Resources and Requirements	FY 2018-19	+ Explanation of changes in budget of > 10
ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	Description of Resources and Requirements	PROPOSED	- Changes in budget of > 10
			RESOURCES		
340,858	331,796	225,000	Beginning Fund Balance	225,000	
1,871,270	2,242,585	2,700,000	State Support	2,700,000	
4,544,420	4,843,429	6,507,000	Federal Support	6,507,000	
293,720	41,758	300,000	Local Support	300,000	
			Tuition & Fees:		
-	-	50,000	Tuition	50,000	
62,420	39,463	75,000	Student Fees	75,000	
18,901	6,599	-	Other Fees	-	
14,030	46,680	20,000	Sale of Goods and Services	20,000	
520,546	778,523	1,880,000	Other Revenue	1,880,000	
7,325,306	7,999,037	11,532,000	Total Revenues	11,532,000	
7,666,164	8,330,833	11,757,000	TOTAL RESOURCES	11,757,000	
			REQUIREMENTS		
			Funded Projects		
2,275,059	2,544,076	4,911,300	Instruction	4,911,300	
1,494	2,569	54,500	Instructional Support	54,500	
678,795	913,244	1,023,400	Student Services	1,023,400	
4,377,099	4,489,728	5,709,300	Community Services	5,709,300	
1,921	4,982	54,500	College Support Services	54,500	
7,334,368	7,954,599	11,753,000	Total Funded Projects	11,753,000	
			Transfers Out:		
-	-	4,000	To General Fund I	4,000	
-	-	4,000	Total Transfers Out	4,000	
7,334,368	7,954,599	11,757,000	TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	11,757,000	
331,796	376,234		ENDING FUND BALANCE		
			SUMMARY		
7,666,164	8,330,833	11,757,000	Total Resources	11,757,000	
(7,334,368)	(7,954,599)	(11,757,000)	Less: Total Requirements	(11,757,000)	
331,796	376,234	-	RESOURCES OVER-(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	



A: BUDGET STRUCTURE & FUNCTION

- **B: FINANCIAL POLICIES**
- **C: AFFIRMATIVE ACTION**
- **D: GLOSSARY OF TERMS & ACRONYMS**

Budget Structure and Functions

Basis of Budgeting

For the budget document, Oregon Budget Law requires that a modified accrual basis of accounting is used which determines when and how transactions or events are recognized. Therefore revenues are reported when earned, expenditures are reported when the liability is incurred and taxes are accounted for on a cash basis, i.e. when received. The result is that carryovers of financial obligations from year-to-year are precluded and projections of anticipated revenue are not inflated.

The college budgets all college funds required to be budgeted, the General Fund and all Auxiliary Funds, in accordance with Oregon Local Budget Law on a Non-GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) budgetary basis, whereas GAAP provide the structure for the basis of accounting used for financial statement reporting. The differences between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting generally concern timing of recognition of revenues and expenditures. Thus, there are no differences between fund structure in the financial statements and the budget document.

The basic financial statements present the college and its component unit, Lane Community College Foundation, for which the college is considered to be financially accountable. The Foundation, a legally separate tax-exempt entity, is discretely presented component unit and is reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements. The budget document presents college information exclusive of Foundation data.

Under GAAP, basic financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the years in which they are levied. Grants and other similar types of revenue are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met.

Material timing differences in expenditures between GAAP and the budgetary basis of accounting include capital expenditures, which under GAAP are allocated to depreciation expense over a specified period of time. In the budget document, capital expenditures are assigned in full to operations expense. With respect to debt service, payments to principal reduce the liability on the financial statements while interest payments are expensed. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, both principal and interest are expensed to operations within the fiscal year.

Funds

Lane Community College's budget is separated into the following funds appropriated by the Board of Education. Each fund is independently budgeted, operated and accounted for. The college's primary budgeting and operation funds are the General Fund (I) and the Special Revenue – Administratively Restricted Fund (IX).

Fund I: General Fund

Includes activities directly associated with operations related to the college's basic educational objectives.

Fund IX: Special Revenue – Administratively Restricted Fund

Used to account for specific programs where monies are administratively restricted. Activities recorded in this fund generate revenue primarily through specifically assessed tuition and fees or through other revenue-generating activities.

Fund II: Internal Service Fund

Includes functions that exist primarily to provide goods or services to other instructional or administrative units of the college.

Fund III: Debt Service Fund

Accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Fund IV: Capital Projects Fund

Used for the acquisition of land, new construction, major remodeling projects and major equipment purchases.

Fund V: Financial Aid Fund

Used for the provision of grants, stipends and other aid to enrolled students.

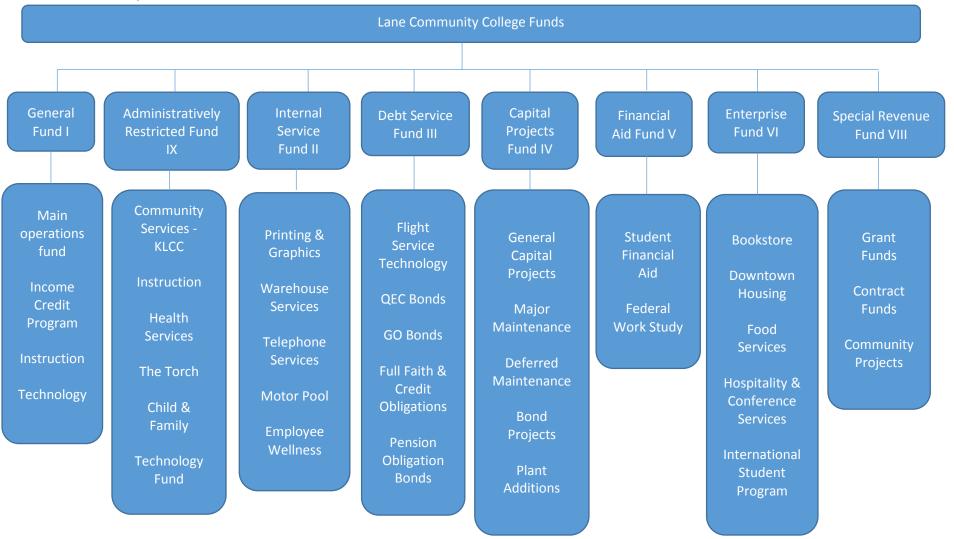
Fund VI: Enterprise Fund

Includes activities that furnish goods or services to students, staff or the public for which charges or fees are assessed that are directly related to the cost of the good or service provided.

Fund VIII: Special Revenue Fund

Accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes

Fund Summary



- A3 -

Revenue Sources

Intergovernmental

Also known as total public resources, intergovernmental resources include Lane's allocation of community college funding from the State of Oregon, resources from various unrestricted federal, state and local contracts, and local property tax revenue. State community college funding resources are determined by the state legislature's funding distribution formula and are calculated on a biennial basis. Federal, state and local unrestricted resources are budgeted using statistical trend analysis. Property tax revenue is determined by annual property tax levy and is budgeted using estimates provided by the state and through historical trend analysis.

Tuition

Credit tuition is generated by assessing students' per credit-hour rates which are annually adjusted for inflation using the Higher Education Price Index (HEPI) per Board of Education policy D.110. Non-credit tuition is generated by charging varying rates per course based on course costs and market forces. Tuition resources are budgeted taking into consideration enrollment projections developed by the college's Institutional Research and Planning department.

Instructional Fees

Instructional fees are generated by assessing students for course-related expenses such as art supplies. All instructional fees are administratively restricted resources that are tied specifically to instructional expenditures and are not available for general allocation. Departmental instructional fees are established based on estimated materials and services costs and are approved by the Board of Education. Instructional fees are budgeted based on enrollment projections that are developed by the college's Institutional Research and Planning department and historical trend analysis.

Fees (Non-Instructional)

Non-instructional fees are generated by assessing students for noninstructional expenses such as student body fees, transportation fees and technology fees. Individual fee amounts are approved by the Board of Education and budgeted based on enrollment projections and historical trend analysis.

Sale of Goods and Services

Sales of Goods and Services are generated primarily through the college's Enterprise and Internal Service activities including such units as the Titan Store, Food Services, Center for Meeting and Learning (CML), and Printing & Graphics. Sale of Goods and Services revenue is budgeted based on historical trends factoring in known variables.

Administrative Recovery

Administrative Recovery includes amounts received from college Enterprise funds (such as the Titan Store, Foodservices and CML) as well as from various federal, state and local grants and contracts as a contribution to the General Fund for administrative and overhead costs.

Transfers In

Interfund Transfers In move resources from one fund to another. These transfers are for specific amounts and purposes. An example would be transferring resources from Flight Technology in Fund 9 to the Debt Service Fund to pay the annual debt service on airplane purchase loans.

Other Resources

These include resources from various activities such as finance charges, insurance proceeds, sale of equipment, enforcement fees, interest income and other nominal, one-time miscellaneous amounts. Budgeting is based on historical trend analysis.

Expense Functions

Instruction

Expenditures are for all activities that are part of the college's instructional programs including expenditures for departmental administrators and their support.

Instructional Support

Expenditures are for activities carried out primarily to provide support services that are an integral part of the college's instructional programs. This category includes the media and technology employed by these programs for the retention, preservation and display of materials as well as the administrative support operations that function within the various instructional units. It also includes expenditures for chief instructional officers and their support where their primary assignment is administration.

Student Services

Expenditures are for admissions, registration, recordkeeping and other activities when the primary purpose is to contribute to students' well-being and development outside the context of their formal instructional program.

Community Services

Expenditures are for activities established primarily to provide noninstructional services to groups external to the college. One such activity involves making the various resources and unique capabilities that exist within the college available to the public.

College Support Services

Expenditures are for activities whose primary purpose is to provide operational support for the ongoing operation of the college excluding physical plant operations. Expenses include executive management, fiscal operations, administrative and logistical services and community relations.

Plant Operations and Maintenance

Expenditures are for the operation and maintenance of the physical plant. It includes services related to campus grounds and facilities, utilities and property insurance.

Plant Additions

Expenditures are for land, land improvement, buildings and major remodeling or renovation that is not a part of normal plant operation and maintenance.

Financial Aid

Expenditures are for loans, grants and trainee stipends to enrolled students. Student fee remissions are also included in this expense function.

Contingency

A budget account (not for expenditures) to provide for contingencies and unanticipated items or to hold funds for future distribution. This function may also be used to provide expenditure authority for obligations created but not expended in previous years.

Expenditure Categories

Personnel Services

Personal Services expenditures include all full-time and part-time payroll plus Other Payroll Expenses (OPE). Payroll is budgeted using actual position lists, and where possible, factors in any anticipated changes in collective bargaining agreements. OPE rates are budgeted using benefits cost projections including amounts for various employment-related taxes, health and life insurance premiums, retirement fund contributions, employee wellness programs and other direct employee benefits.

Materials & Services

Materials & Services expenditures include items such as office support supplies for instructional and operations departments, non-capitalized equipment, travel and maintenance.

Capital Outlay

Capital Outlay expenditures include all equipment purchases with a single item cost in excess of \$10,000 and with a useful life exceeding two years. Capital Outlay is budgeted and allocated according to the Capital Assets Replacement Plan.

Transfers Out

Interfund transfers-out includes resource funding of specific amounts to another fund for an identified purpose. The majority of transfers-out occur in the General Fund and include items such as transfers to the Financial Aid Fund to cover institutional scholarships and institutional match obligations and transfers to the Capital Projects Fund for capital repairs and improvements, special projects, capital reserves and deferred maintenance.

Debt Service

Debt Service includes amounts transferred out to the Debt Service Fund to cover current payment of long-term debt obligations entered into by the college.

Contingency

Contingency is a budget account used to provide for unanticipated items or to hold funds for future distribution. This category may also be used to provide expenditure authority for obligations created but not expended in previous years.

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

Lane Community College

Financial Policies Lane Community College Board of Education

Policy BP205: Asset Protection

Adopted 11.09.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 4.12.17

The president shall assure that assets are protected, adequately maintained, and not placed at risk.

Accordingly, the president shall:

- 1. Insure against theft and casualty losses and against liability losses to board members, staff, and the organization itself in an amount similar to the average for comparable organizations.
- 2. Prevent uninsured personnel from access to material amounts of funds.
- 3. Assure that plant and equipment are not subjected to improper wear and tear or insufficient maintenance.
- 4. Assure that the organization, its board, or staff, are not unnecessarily exposed to claims of liability.
- 5. Assure that every purchase:
 - a. Includes normally prudent protection against conflict of interest; and
 - b. Of over \$100,000 for goods and services contracts or \$150,000 for public improvements contracts includes a stringent method of assuring the balance of long-term quality and cost.
- 6. Protect intellectual property, information, and files from loss or significant damage.
- 7. Receive, process, or disburse funds under sufficient controls to meet the board-appointed auditor's standards.
- 8. Invest or hold operating capital in excess of daily requirements in accordance with ORS 294.035.
- 9. Not endanger the organization's public image or credibility, particularly in ways that would hinder the accomplishment of its mission.
- 10. Not name a building, substantial parts of buildings, or significant landscape features of Lane Community College without prior approval of the board; and, when a building has substantial support from a donor, without prior involvement of the Foundation.

Policy BP210: Board Duties and Responsibilities: Budget Making

Adopted 11.09.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 12.10.14

The board of education has the responsibility to:

- 1. Adopt the annual budget before July 1 of the budget year.
- 2. Act as the levying board in the budget process.
- 3. Assist in presenting the needs of the college to the public and assist in the adoption, through the formulated budget process, of a budget that will address these needs.
- 4. Appoint the seven members with whom they shall serve jointly as the budget committee.
- 5. Review student tuition rates annually.

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

Adopted 11.09.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 9.21.15

Adopted 1.14.04; Last Reviewed/Revised 10.7.15

The president or designee shall serve as budget officer. The budget officer shall be responsible for preparation and maintenance of the budget document in compliance with Local budget Law [ORS 294].

Policy BP220: Budget Preparation and Adoption

At the direction of the board of education, the president shall study budget needs and prepare recommendations on programs and services for budget committee consideration. The recommendation of advisory committees and interested citizens and organizations within the college district shall be considered by the president in developing the budget document. The college budget shall be prepared and adopted in compliance with Oregon Local Budget Law [ORS 294].

Policy BP225: Budgeting of Non-Recurring Resources

Non-recurring resources are resources that are not part of an annual revenue stream. Non-recurring resources include but are not limited to such categories as:

- Fund balances (i.e., "carryover")
- Reserves
- One-time grants or awards of money
- Funds withheld from annual budget allocations e.g., funds held back from annual General Fund transfer to Capital Repair & Improvement)
- Special allocations from the state (e.g., allocations from the Emergency Board)
- Other special allocations (e.g., "seed money" for a project)

Non-recurring resources shall not be budgeted for ongoing recurring expenditures.

Non-recurring resources maybe allocated or one-time expenditures including but not limited to the following:

- Capital equipment
- Capital construction
- Investment in a new program or service that will move to recurring funding sources after a specified trial period
- Projects related to strategic directions of the college ٠

However, the college shall not rely on non-recurring resources for funding ongoing needs such as major maintenance and equipment replacement.

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Lane Community College

Policy BP215: Budget Officer

Adopted 11.09.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 4.12.17

Policy BP230: Capital Reserve Funds

Adopted 1.14.04; Last Reviewed/Revised 10.7.15

The college shall establish and maintain separate reserve funds (as described in ORS 341.321 and ORS 294.525) in Capital Projects Fund IV for the following purposes:

- 1. To replace capital equipment that is broken or beyond its useful life as determined by the Capital Assets Replacement Forecast;
- 2. To maintain and repair college facilities according to the Major Maintenance Schedule;
- 3. To maintain and upgrade the college's information/telecommunications system according to planning schedules maintained by Information Technology;
- 4. To build new instructional facilities and/or to purchase property that facilitate planned long-term growth of the college.

Appropriate levels of funding for reserves will be determined using existing college decision-making structures. The president will make recommendations to the Board of Education for approval to establish and fund these reserves.

Optimal funding levels will be determined using benchmarks, professional standards and best practices from other colleges and adapting these to Lane's specific situation. It is expected that full funding of these reserves will take place over a number of years and that annual transfers to these reserves will be budgeted from the General Fund and other sources as appropriate.

As required in ORS 294.525, the board shall periodically review the reserve fund "and determine whether the fund will be continued or abolished." While ORS 294 allows review to take place every 10 years, reserve funds established under these policies shall be reviewed (a) annually by the president; and (b) at least every three years or more frequently as determined by the board.

As allowed in ORS 294.525, the board may determine at any time that a reserve fund is no longer necessary or that some or all of the reserves may be transferred to the General Fund.

Policy BP235: Debt Issuance and Management

Adopted 6.9.04; Last Reviewed/Revised 4.12.17

The president shall ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet current and future debt service requirements on all indebtedness, while adequately providing for recurring operating requirements. The issuance of debt limits the college's flexibility to respond to future learning priorities; consequently, the college shall issue and manage debt in a manner which maintains a sound fiscal position, protects its creditworthiness and complies with ORS 341.675 and ORS 341.715.

To meet the objectives of this policy the president shall ensure that the college incurs and services all debts in a manner that will:

- Maintain a balanced relationship between debt service requirements and current operating needs.
- Maintain and enhance the college's ability to obtain access to credit markets, at favorable interest rates, in amounts needed for capital improvements and to provide essential learning services.
- Prudently incur and manage debt to minimize costs to the taxpayers and ensure that current decisions do not adversely affect future generations.
- Preserve the college's flexibility in capital financing by maintaining an adequate margin of statutory debt capacity.

The board shall approve borrowing as described in Board Policy BP315. Long-term debt (due more than a year in the future) shall not be issued to fund normal operating needs.

Policy BP240: Definition of a Balanced Budget

Adopted 1.14.04; Last Reviewed/Revised 11.3.15

The board directs the president to develop annual budget recommendations that are in accordance with the college's strategic plan and conform to the requirements of Local Budget Law [ORS 294.326]. The budget shall provide for:

- Annual operating expenditures not to exceed projected revenues (Expenditures shall be budgeted according to the college's strategic priorities.)
- Debt service, both current (due in less than 12 months) and long term.
- Reserves for maintenance and repairs to its existing facilities.
- Reserves for acquisition, maintenance and replacement of capital equipment.
- Reserves for strategic capital projects.
- Funding levels to fulfill future terms and conditions of employment, including early retirement benefits.
- Allocations for special projects related to the strategic directions of the college.
- Allocations for contingencies (unforeseen events requiring expenditures of current resources.)
- Ending Fund Balances (according to policies set specifically for that purpose.)

Lane has a further responsibility to:

- Plan how it will spend any "onetime" unanticipated revenue, allocating it strategically and prudently between:
 - The restoration of any shortfall to targeted ending fund balances,
 - o Currently unfunded projects in the strategic plan, and/or
 - Holding some of all of it in reserve during financially volatile periods.
- Permanently stabilize its finances in their entirety (operating budget, reserves, contingencies and ending fund balances) when it perceives a long term change (increase or decrease) to its available future recurring resources.

Policy BP245: Ending Fund Balance

Adopted 1.14.04; Last Reviewed/Revised 11.4.14

Lane Community College shall maintain an unrestricted General Fund Ending Fund Balance equal to or greater than 10% of total expenditures and transfers.

The Ending Fund Balance target shall include the Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance (UEFB) as set by board policy BP295. When the Ending Fund Balance falls to 9% or less, the college shall adopt a plan to replenish the Ending Fund Balance to 10% within two years. When the Ending Fund Balance exceeds 11%, balances in excess may be set aside for reserves or investment in one time expenditures.

If the total Ending Fund Balance (including restricted) falls to levels that require short-term borrowing, the levels set by this policy shall be automatically reviewed and adjusted as necessary.

Policy BP250: Financial Integrity

Clear financial policies and procedures, regularly reviewed and revised as necessary, are critical to the effective management and operation of the College. The president shall oversee the responsible development and management of all College financial resources, such as financial planning, operating and capital budgets, reserves, investments, fundraising, cash management, debt management, and transfers and borrowings between funds.

Policy BP255: Financial Condition and Activities

Adopted 11.09.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 2.8.18

Adopted 5.14.14; Last Reviewed/Revised 5.14.14

With respect to the actual, on-going financial condition and activities, the president shall avoid fiscal jeopardy and assure that actual expenditures reflect board priorities as established in ends policies.

Accordingly, the president shall:

- 1. Not expend more funds than have been received in the fiscal year to date, except as approved by the board.
- 2. Not use any long-term reserves that are not budgeted and appropriated for expenditure.
- 3. Settle payroll and debts in a timely manner.
- 4. Assure that tax payments or other government-ordered payments or filings be on time and accurately filed.
- 5. Make no single purchase or commitment of greater than \$100,000 for goods and services contracts, or \$150,000 for public improvements contracts, without board approval, except in extreme emergencies.
- 6. Acquire, encumber, or dispose of real property only with board approval, except in extreme emergencies.
- 7. Pursue receivables aggressively after a reasonable grace period.
- 8. Comply with budget and financial policies contained in Section E.
- 9. Not contract with the College's independent auditors for non-audit services without prior approval of the Board.

10. Provide the following annual certifications, by the president and by the vice president for college operations, to the Board upon receipt of the audited financial statements:

- a. He/she has reviewed the annual audit report;
- b. Based on his/her knowledge, the report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omission of a material fact that makes the financial statements misleading;
- c. Based on his/her knowledge, the financial statements present in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations.
- 11. Establish and maintain an adequate internal control structure and procedures for financial operations and reporting.

Policy BP260: Financial Planning and Budgeting

Adopted 11.09.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 2.8.18

Financial planning for any fiscal year or the remaining part of any fiscal year shall reflect the board's end priorities, avoid fiscal jeopardy, and shall be derived from a multi-year plan.

Accordingly, the president shall assure budgeting that:

- 1. Complies with Oregon Local Budget Law.
- 2. Contains sufficient information to enable credible projections of resources and expenditures as presented in the Budget Document in accordance with Oregon Local Budget Law.
- 3. Discloses planning assumptions.
- 4. Limits expenditures in any fiscal year to conservatively projected resources for that period.
- 5. Maintains current assets at any time to at least twice current liabilities.
- 6. Complies with budget and financial policies contained in Section E.

Policy BP265: Financial Reporting

Adopted 3.9.05; Last Reviewed/Revised 10.12.17

Lane's annual audited financial statements shall conform to generally accepted accounting principles. Applicable professional accounting standards and guidance shall be incorporated into Lane's financial statements.

Policy BP270: General Fund Contingency

Adopted 1.14.04; Last Reviewed/Revised 10.14.14

Board Contingency:

The annual budget shall set aside approximately one-half percent (0.5%) of the budgeted revenues each year for Board Contingency. Use of Board Contingency shall be at the discretion of the Board of Education and shall be allocated by formal approval of the board according to its policies.

Administrative Contingency:

Administrative Contingency shall be approximately one percent (1%) of the budgeted revenues each year. Administrative Contingency shall be allocated by approval of the president.

2018-2019 Proposed Budget

Policy BP275: Interfund Loans

Adopted 6.9.04; Last Reviewed/Revised 10.12.17

Loans from one fund to another shall conform to the requirements of ORS 294.460 and be authorized by the Board of Education. Interfund loans may not be from: a Debt Service fund, a Financial Aid fund, employee/retiree benefit funds, or funds legally restricted to specific uses. Repayment of the loan must be budgeted according to an approved schedule and at a stated rate of interest.

The full repayment of interfund loans shall occur no later than:

- Five years from the date of the loan, if the funds are to be used to acquire or improve real or personal property, or
- June 30 of the fiscal year following the year in which the loan was authorized, if the funds are to be used for operating purposes.

Policy BP280: Interfund Transfers

Adopted 1.14.04; Last Reviewed/Revised 11.4.14

All transfers between funds shall be in conformance with ORS 294.361. The Budget Document shall clearly show for each fund the amounts, origin and destination of each transfer. Accompanying documentation shall list the specific purposes for each transfer and will be submitted to the board for approval in initial budget or subsequent resolution.

Transfers from the General Fund to other funds shall be for the following purposes:

- Debt service on an obligation incurred as a part of normal operations of the college; •
- Goods and services provided to General Fund units by units in other funds;
- Construction, maintenance and acquisition of facilities and/or real property used by the college in support of its mission;
- Acquisition of capital equipment for use by the college in support of its mission;
- Matching funds for grants and contracts;
- Operation of certain financial aid functions and matching funds required for financial aid grants;
- Contractual and legal obligations to employees and retirees for compensation and benefits;
- Other needs as deemed appropriate and necessary to the board for fulfilling the obligations of the college. ٠

Policy BP285: Purchasing Procedure

Adopted 11.09.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 11.2.15

All procurement on behalf of the college shall be executed in accordance with the requirements of Oregon Revised Statute Chapters 279A, 279B and 279C, the Oregon Community College Rules of Procurement ("CCRP"), and Oregon Administrative Rules 125 (OAR 125) and Lane Community College online Policies and Procedures.

Where federal procurement regulations apply and are more restrictive than the state regulations, the federal regulations shall prevail.

Pursuant to ORS 279A.065(5), the Oregon Attorney General's Model Rules (OAR 137) do not apply to Lane Community College except those portions of the Oregon Attorney General's Model Rules that have been expressly identified in Section 300, Appendix A, of the CCRP.

The CCRP shall prevail over the provisions in OAR 125 where topics are not addressed in the CCRP, the rules OAR 125 shall remain in force.

Policy BP290: Stabilization Reserve Fund

Adopted 1.14.04; Last Reviewed/Revised 10.14.14

The board may require the president to establish a separate reserve fund (as described in ORS 341.321 and ORS 294.525) for the purpose of providing short-term stabilization in anticipation of possible shortfalls in revenue.

A stabilization reserve fund may be established under one or more of the following circumstances:

- State budget appropriations for community colleges are not approved by the time the college budget is approved and adopted.
- A situation exists where significant changes in enrollment are possible but not reasonably predictable.
- When any major revenue source has a reasonable possibility of decreasing after the college budget is approved and adopted.
- When any operating expenditure that is beyond the control of the college could reasonably be expected to increase after the college budget is approved and adopted.
- Any other situation in which the board determines that there is a reasonable expectation that major shifts in revenue or expenditures could occur during the budget year.

Stabilization reserve levels:

- Minimum reserve levels shall be at the discretion of the board under advice from the president.
- Maximum reserve levels shall be no more than the maximum reasonably estimated shortfall at the time of the adoption of the budget.

Stabilization reserves will be reviewed annually as part of the budget development process. The stabilization reserve fund shall be closed out when the board determines that the precipitating threat to revenues and/or expenditures no longer exists. As long as the conditions exist that caused the fund to be established, the funds shall be kept in reserve for the purpose intended. If and when the fund is closed out, any remaining balance shall be released for use as a resource in the General Fund.

Policy BP295: Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance

Adopted 1.14.04; Last Reviewed/Revised 12.9.15

The president shall assure budgeting that maintains the estimate of unappropriated ending fund balance at no less than three percent of the general fund operational expenditure budget.

Lane Community College Policy BP315: Borrowing

Adopted 11.09.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 12.10.14

The board may authorize borrowing for the college, in compliance with state laws, by resolution stating the upper limit to be obligated at any one time. The president or designee may initiate emergency borrowing prior to board approval should a quorum of the board not be available to authorize borrowing.

Policy BP340: Contractual Authority

Adopted 11.09.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 2.4.15

Only the president, or formally designated representatives, may commit the college to financial obligations or contractual agreements. No obligation may be incurred unless it first has been authorized by the budget or by the budget change process. Any contract entered into in violation of this policy is void as to the college.

All contracts of \$100,000 for goods and services contracts, or \$150,000 for public improvements contracts or greater shall be approved for award by the board of education. The president is authorized by the board to enter into contractual agreements on behalf of the college up to a total dollar value not exceeding \$100,000 for goods and services contracts, or \$150,000 for public improvements contracts. The president may delegate this authority to college staff.

The Lane Community College Board of Education shall be the college's Local Contract Review Board as defined in ORS 279A.060.

Policy BP540: Monitoring President's Performance

Adopted 11.09.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 3.9.16

Any evaluation of the president's performance, formal or informal, may be derived only from the criteria established within board Ends and Executive Directions.

Accordingly,

- 1. The purpose of monitoring is to determine the degree to which board policies are being fulfilled. Information which does not do this will not be considered to be monitoring.
- 2. The board will acquire monitoring data by one or more of three methods: (a) by internal report, in which the president discloses compliance information to the board, (b) by external report, in which an external, disinterested third party selected by the board assesses compliance with board policies, and (c) by direct board inspection, in which a designated member or members of the board assess compliance with the appropriate policy criteria.
- 3. The standard for compliance shall be any reasonable presidential interpretation of the board policy being monitored.
- 4. All policies that instruct the president will be monitored at a frequency and by a method chosen by the board. The board can monitor any policy at any time by any method, but will ordinarily depend on a routine schedule.

Policy	<u>Method</u>	Frequency
Treatment of Learners, BP720	Internal	Annually
Treatment of Staff, BP555	Internal/External	Annually
Financial Planning and Budgeting, BP260	Internal	Semi-annual
Financial Condition and Activities, BP255	Internal	Quarterly
	External	Annually
Emergency President Succession, BP350	Internal	Annually
Asset Protection, BP205	Internal	Annually
Compensation and Benefits, BP515	Internal	Annually
Communication and Support to the Board, BP330	Internal/Direct Inspection	Annually
Community Outreach, BP335	Internal	Annually
Governance Process Policies, Bp305-BP385	Direct Inspection	Annually

Policy BP715: Mandatory Student Activity Fees

Adopted 11.9.98; Last Reviewed/Revised 2.3.16

The board may approve an assessment of mandatory fees for programs or activities that it determines provide educational value to the students consistent with the college mission and goals. The board will approve the mandatory fee on an annual basis to ensure that the programs or activities maintain educational value to students.

Programs that use funds generated through the mandatory fee must further the following guiding principles:

- 1. Improve the overall quality of the campus experience from the students' perspective;
- 2. Increase opportunities for student involvement and leadership in the educational process through extra-curricular activities and support services;
- 3. Enhance the appropriate out-of-class services and programs at the campuses based on the unique needs of Lane students.

The mandatory fee enhances student life and the overall student experience by maximizing opportunities for out-of-class experiences that build on classroom education and connect to the larger world and improving the educational climate by offering programs and activities. The President will establish a Mandatory Fee Committee by October 30 of each year to advise the administration on ongoing and emerging student needs. The voting members of the mandatory student fee committee will be composed of both elected students and students appointed from student groups and organizations at the college. At the discretion of the president, administrative staff appointed to the committee will serve in a support role and as non-voting members. An annual report from the Mandatory Fee Committee will be submitted by the President to the Board before budget decisions are finalized for the next year. All appropriations in relation to this fee must be viewpoint neutral. All changes to the mandatory fee remain in the sole discretion of the Board.

Lane Community College Policy BP725: Tuition

Adopted 11.13.02; Last Reviewed/Revised 2.8.18

In order to maintain a constant tuition rate relative to inflation, each December, the board will adjust the per credit tuition rate to reflect changes in an appropriate index for two-year public colleges since the last tuition adjustment. The rate will be rounded to the nearest half-dollar and become effective the following academic year (Summer Term).

Periodically and as needed, the board will review Lane's tuition rates to ensure: a) that tuition revenues are appropriate for the needs of the district and, b) that Lane's tuition is comparable with other Oregon community colleges that are similar to Lane in terms of student FTE and instructional programs. Prior to approval of the tuition increase, the board will review the index options, affordability and access for students, and the revenue requirements of the college.

College Policy Statement on Affirmative Action and Equal Employment

It is the policy of Lane Community College to provide equal employment opportunity to all qualified persons and to prohibit discrimination in employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, marital status, family relationship, sexual orientation, age, pregnancy, mental or physical disability, religion, veteran status, expunged juvenile record, parental or family medical leave, application for Workers Compensation, whistle blowing, association with a member of a protected class and all other federal, state and local protected classes.

It is also the policy of the college to take affirmative action to recruit and to employ members of protected groups. Under Federal Executive Order 11246 as amended, protected minority groups are defined as African Americans, Asian Americans, Hispanic Americans and Native Americans. All women are designated a protected group. The protected groups are those groups of persons who have historically been most disadvantaged by discriminatory practices, including practices formerly sanctioned by law.

The affirmative action and equal opportunity clause of this policy requires that applicants be hired and employees be treated during employment without regard to race, color, national origin, sex, marital status, family relationship, sexual orientation, age, pregnancy, mental or physical disability, religion, veteran status, expunged juvenile record, parental or family medical leave, application for Workers Compensation, whistle blowing, association with a member of a protected class and all other federal, state and local protected classes.

The affirmative action and equal opportunity clause applies to all employment actions including but not limited to recruitment, appointment, reappointment, promotion, transfer, demotion, termination, compensation, benefits, layoff and training. Furthermore, the policy applies to all executive, academic, administrative employees and to full-time, part-time, temporary, probationary and permanent employees as well as those with appointments in self support programs. This policy conforms to federal and state laws and to the equal employment and affirmative action policy of the Board of Education of Lane Community College.

Glossary of Terms

Accrual Basis Accounting: A system of accounting based on the accrual principal under which revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Ad Valorem Tax: A property tax computed as a percentage of the value of taxable property.

Administrative Contingency: General Fund contingency consisting of approximately one percent of budgeted revenues to be used at the discretion of the president and Executive Team.

Administrative Recovery: Revenue generated from college enterprise funds, grants and contracts to cover General Fund administrative and overhead costs.

Adopted Budget: The total spending level for the year based on estimates that have been set by the Board of Education.

Appropriation: Based on the adopted budget, an authorization from the Board of Education to make expenditures and incur obligations for specific purposes. The appropriation is limited to a single fiscal year.

Approved Budget: The budget that has been approved by the Budget Committee and sent to the Board of Education for adoption.

Assessed Value: Valuation set on real estate or personal property by the Property Appraiser as a basis for levying taxes.

Balanced Budget: A budget whereby operating expenditures do not exceed resources.

Beginning Fund Balance: The amount remaining after accounting for the previous year's revenues less the previous year's expenditures.

Biennium: A two-year [budget] period.

Board Contingency: General Fund contingency consisting of approximately one-half percent of budgeted revenues to be used at the discretion of the Board of Education.

Board of Education: Committee of seven elected unpaid citizens whose primary authority is to establish policies governing the operation of the college and to adopt the college budget.

Bond: A debt investment with which the investor loans money to an entity (company or government) that borrows the funds for a defined period of time at a specified interest rate.

Budget: A written report showing a comprehensive financial plan for one fiscal year.

Budget Committee: The fiscal planning board consisting of the Board of Education plus an equal number of citizens at large from the College District.

Budget Message: An explanation of the budget and financial priorities presented in writing by the Budget Officer as part of the budget document.

Budget Officer: Person appointed by the Board of Education to oversee the budget process.

Budget Transfer: Amounts moved from one fund to finance activities in another fund. They are shown as expenditures in the originating fund and revenues in the receiving fund.

Capital Assets Replacement Plan: Revolving seven year plan established by the Board of Education in fiscal year 2004 to schedule the replacement of capital assets based upon the Capital Asset Acquisition Schedule.

Capital Expenditure: An expenditure for a single item with cost exceeding \$10,000 and an estimated useful life of three or more years.

Capital Outlay: An expenditure category that includes acquisition of land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment.

Capital Projects Fund (IV): Budget fund used for the acquisition of land, new construction, major remodeling projects and major equipment purchases.

Capital Reserve Fund: A separate fund within the Capital Projects Fund IV used for planned and unplanned maintenance, repair and replacement of capital and technological equipment.

Cash Basis: System of accounting under which revenues are accounted for only when received in cash and expenditures are accounted for only when paid.

College Council: The College's main planning and policy body.

College District: The College's service area which encompasses a 5,000square mile area in Lane County and parts of Linn, Douglas and Benton Counties.

College Support Services: Expense function covering activities that support the ongoing operations of the college excluding physical plant operations.

Community Services: Expense function covering non-instructional activities provided to external groups.

Consumer Price Index: A measure estimating the average price of consumer goods and services purchased by households.

Current Budget: In financial tables, the "Current Budget" is the current year budget plus any additional supplemental budgets.

Debt Service: An expenditure category for repayment of principle and interest on bonds, interest-bearing warrants and short-term loans.

Debt Service Fund (III): Budget fund for accounting for general long-term debt, principal and interest.

Deferred Maintenance: The practice of postponing maintenance activities such as repairs on both real property (i.e. infrastructure) and personal property (i.e. machinery) in order to save costs, meet budget funding levels or realign available budget monies.

Differential Pricing: Additional fees based on class clock hours for certain Career and Technical courses.

Ending Fund Balance: The beginning fund balance plus current year revenues less current year expenditures.

Enterprise Fund (VI): Budget fund for activities that furnish goods or services to students, staff or the public for which charges or fees are assessed that are directly related to the cost of the good or service provided.

Executive Team: The College's administrative leadership team comprised of the president, vice president(s), chief officers and deans.

Expenditure: An amount of money, cash or checks, actually paid or obligated for payment due to the purchase of goods and services, the payment of salaries and benefits and the payment of debt service.

Fees (Non-Instructional): Revenue generated from assessing students for non-instructional expenses.

Financial Aid: Expense function for student loans, grants and stipends.

Financial Aid Fund (V): Budget fund used for the provision of grants, stipends and other aid to enrolled students.

Fiscal Year: The twelve-month financial period used by the college that begins July 1 and ends June 30.

Full-Time Equivalent (FTE): The equivalent of a full-time employee or student. For example, two half-time employees equal one FTE employee.

Fund: A division in the budget segregating independent fiscal and accounting requirements.

Fund Balance: The excess of a fund's revenues over expenditures.

Fund Type: One of nine fund types: General, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, special assignment, enterprise, internal service, trust and reserve.

General Fund (I): The primary operating fund of the college that includes activities directly related to the college's basic educational objectives.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP): A widely accepted set of rules, conventions, standards and procedures for reporting financial information as established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board.

Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA): The professional association of state/provincial and local finance officers in the United States and Canada.

Governmental Funds: Funds generally used to account for tax-supported activities. There are five different types of governmental funds. LCC's governmental funds include the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. **Grant:** A donation or contribution in cash by one governmental unit to another which may be made to support a specified purpose, function or general purpose.

Higher Education Price Index (HEPI): Inflation index designed specifically for higher education. A more accurate economic indicator for colleges and universities than the Consumer Price Index.

Instruction: Expense function covering all activities related to instructional programs.

Instructional Fees: Revenue generated by assessing students for course-related expenses.

Instructional Support: Expense function covering activities that provide integral support services to instructional programs.

Interest Income: Revenue generated from investment of operating capital in excess of daily requirements.

Interfund Transfer: An amount to be given as a resource to another fund in the budget.

Intergovernmental [Resource]: Total public resources that include State and Federal funds and local property taxes.

Internal Service Fund (II): Budget fund for functions that exist primarily to provide goods and services to other instructional and administrative units of the college.

Local Option Tax: Voter-approved taxing authority that is in addition to the taxes generated by the permanent tax rate. Local option taxes can be for general operations, a specific purpose or capital projects. It is limited to five years unless it is for a capital project, then it is limited to the useful life of the project or 10 years, whichever is less.

Measure 5: A constitutional amendment (Art. XI, section 11b) passed in 1990 that limits the amount of operating tax that can be imposed on a property to \$5 per \$1,000 of real market value for education and \$10 per \$1,000 for general government.

Measure 50: A constitutional amendment (Art. XI, section 11) passed in 1997 that limits the growth in a property's assessed value to 3% per year. It also limits a local government's taxing authority by creating permanent rate limits.

Mandatory Adjustments: Adjustments for expenditures that are primarily beyond the control of the college such as facilities leases, utilities, insurance premiums and maintenance contracts.

Material and Services (M&S): An expenditure category that includes contractual and other services, materials, supplies and other charges.

Modified Accrual Basis: Basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for interest on general long-term obligations, which is recorded when due.

Non-Recurring Resources: Resources (revenues) that are not part of an annual revenue stream to include: fund balances, reserves, one-time grants and awards and special allocations.

Object Classification: A grouping of expenditures such as personnel services, material and services, capital outlay, debt services and other types of requirements.

Operating Rate: The rate determined by dividing the local government's operating tax amount by the estimated assessed value of the local government. This rate is needed when a local government wants to impose less tax than its permanent rate will raise.

Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR): A compilation of rules and regulations that apply, in the same manner as a law, to state agencies in Oregon.

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS): Retirement system provided by the State of Oregon for all public employees.

Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS): The codified laws of the State of Oregon. The ORS is published every two years to incorporate each legislative session's new laws.

Other Payroll Expenses (OPE): An expense classification that includes the costs of payroll taxes, PERS, medical insurance and other fringe benefits and payroll-related items accruing to an employee.

Other Resources: Revenue generated from various activities such as finance charges, sale of equipment, enforcement fees and other nominal, one-time miscellaneous amounts.

Personnel Services Expenses: Expenses related to the compensation of employees such as health and accident insurance premiums, Social Security and retirement contributions and civil service assessments.

Plant Additions: Expense function for land, land improvement, buildings and major remodeling and renovation that is not a part of normal plant operation and maintenance.

Plant Operations and Maintenance: Expense function covering the operation and maintenance of the physical plant including grounds, facilities, utilities and property insurance.

Proposed Budget: Financial and operating plan prepared by the Budget Officer and submitted to the public and Budget Committee for review.

Requirement: A use of funds or expenditure.

Resolution: An order of the Board of Education.

Resources: Estimated beginning fund balances on hand plus all anticipated revenues and transfers.

Revenue: Monies received or anticipated.

Salary Provision Budget: A contingency budget used to cover employee compensation increases during the year.

Sale of Goods and Services: Revenue generated from the college's enterprise and special revenue activities.

Special Revenue Fund (VIII): Budget fund that accounts for revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes such as federal grants and contracts.

Special Revenue – Administratively Restricted Fund (IX): Budget fund for programs where monies are administratively restricted. Activities recorded in this fund generate revenue primarily through specifically-assessed tuition and fees or through other revenue-generating activities.

Stabilization Reserve Fund: A separate fund established at the request of the Board of Education for the purpose of providing short-term stabilization in anticipation of possible shortfalls in revenue.

Student Services: Expense function covering activities to support students' success and development.

Supplemental Budget: Most often required when new appropriation authority is needed, a supplemental budget is usually associated with the expenditure of new appropriations and increased revenues.

Tax Rate: The amount of tax stated in terms of a unit of tax for each \$1,000 of assessed value of taxable property.

Tax Year: The fiscal year from July 1 through June 30.

Total Public Resources: Revenue received from State funding as appropriated by the legislature and local property taxes as assessed by the counties.

Transfers Out: An expenditure category that includes resource funding for specific purposes.

Tuition: Revenue generated by assessing students per-credit-hour rates.

Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance (UEFB): Amount set aside in the budget to be carried over to the next year's budget. It provides the college with cash until tax money or other revenues are received later in the year. This amount cannot be transferred by resolution or used through a supplemental budget unless necessitated by a qualifying emergency.

Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL): Amount PERS has determined to be owed by participating governments to fully fund the retirement system.

Glossary of Acronyms		
AAC&U	American Association of Colleges and Universities	
AACC	American Association of Community Colleges	
ΑΑΟΤ	Associate of Arts Oregon Transfer (degree)	
AASHE	Association for the Advancement of Sustainability in Higher Education	
AAUP	American Association of University Professors	
AAWCC	American Association of Women in Community Colleges	
ABE	Adult Basic Education	
ABSE	Adult Basic Skills & Secondary Education	
ACCT	Association of Community College Trustees	
ACRAO	American Association of Collegiate Registers	
ACT	American College Test	
AFT	American Federation of Teachers	
APPA	Leadership in Educational Facilities	
ASLCC	Associated Students of LCC	
ATC	Academic Technology Center	
BDC	Business Development Center	
BSD	Basic Skills Development	
CAFR	Comprehensive Annual Financial Report	
CAPTE	Commission on Accreditation in Physical Therapy Education	
CARF	Capital Assets Replacement Forecast	
ССВО	Community College Business Officers	
CCFIS	Community College Financial Information System	
CCSF	Community College Support Fund	
CCSSE	Community College Survey of Student Engagement	
CCWD	Community Colleges and Workforce Development (Department of)	
CES	Career Employment Services	
CEU	Continuing Education Unit	
CIA	Council of Instructional Administrators(Oregon)/Chief Academic Officers	
CML	Center for Meeting and Learning	

Lane Comr	nunity College
COLA	Cost of Living Adjustment
Со-ор	Cooperative Education
CPI	Consumer Price Index
CSL	Current Service Level
CSSA	Council of Student Services Administrators
ERB	Employee Relations Board
ESD	Education Service District
ESL	English as a Second Language
FASB	Financial Accounting Standards Board
FEC	Fitness Education Center
FERPA	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act
FTE	Full-time equivalency
FWS	Federal Work Study
FY	Fiscal Year (FY12 = Fiscal Year 12)
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GASB	Governmental Accounting Standards Board
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GED	General Education Development
GF	General Fund
GFOA	Government Finance Officers Association
HEA	Higher Education Act
HEPI	Higher Education Price Index
ICS	Incident Command System
IESL	International (student) English as a Second Language
IRAP	Institutional Research, Assessment & Planning
JTPA	Job Training Partnership Act
KLCC	LCC's award-winning radio station: 89.7 FM
"L" #	Identifying number assigned to LCC staff and students.
LASR	Lane Administrative Systems Renewal (Project)
LCC	Lane Community College
LCCEA	LCC Education Association (Union - Classified)

LCCEF	LCC Employees Federation (Union - Faculty)
LEED	Leadership in and Environment Design
LGIP	Local Government Investment Pool
LIFE	Lasting Improvements For Employees (LCC's Employee Wellness Program)
LRFP	Long Range Financial Plan
LTD	Lane Transit District
NACUBO	National Association of College & University Business Officers
NEA	National Education Association
NWAACC	Northwest Athletic Association of Community Colleges
OAR	Oregon Administrative Rule
OATC	Oregon Advanced Technology Consortium
OCCA	Oregon Community College Association
OCCCIR	Oregon Community College Council of Institutional Researchers
OCCS	Office of Community College Services
OCCSA	Oregon Community College Students Association
OCCURS	Oregon Community College Unified Reporting System
OCESP	Oregon Council for Education Support Professionals
ODE	Oregon Department of Education
ODOE	Oregon Department of Energy
OEA	Oregon Education Association
OFTEHP	Oregon Federation of Teachers, Education and Health Professionals
OICA	Oregon Independent Colleges Association
ONE	Oregon Network for Education
OPE	Other Payroll Expenses
OPTE	Office of Professional Technical Education
ORS	Oregon Revised Statutes
OSA	Oregon Student Association
OSAC	Oregon Student Assistance Commission
OSBA	Oregon School Boards Association
OSBDCN	Oregon Small Business Development Center Network
OSBHE	Oregon State Board of Higher Education

OSEA	Oregon School Employees Association
OUS	Oregon University System
PECBA	Public Employee Collective Bargaining Act
PERS	Public Employee Retirement System
RTEC	Regional Technology in Education Consortium
SBDC	Small Business Development Center
SBE	State Board of Education
SCUP	Society for College and University Planning
SDA	Service Delivery Area (JTPA services)
SLI	Strategic Learning Initiative
SSA	Student Service Associates
STEM	Science, Technology, Engineering and Math
UEFB	Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance
WIA	Workforce Investment Act
WICHE	Western Interstate Commission on Higher Education
WTI	West Texas Intermediate
UAL	Unfunded Actuarial Liability



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Lane Community College Budget Office 4000 East 30th Avenue Eugene, Oregon 97405 541.463.5510 budgetdevelopment@lanecc.edu